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(54) Title: AMINOPHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVES AS NEUROPROTECTANTS

$$R^0 - E^1 \longrightarrow R^0 R^0 R^7 R^0 N^{-1} - V - (CH_0)_n - X - Y - Q$$
 (1)

(57) Abstract

There is provided an aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative of formula (I), wherein: R^1 , R^3 and R^4 are independent from each other, alkory group, alkyl group or anyl group, etc.; E^1 and E^2 are oxygen atom, suffur atom, etc.; n is 0 to 5; X and Y are alkylene group, cyclaslylen group, or X alkenylen group, X is a proposed by a best proposed to be energy group, etc.; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. These compounds have neuroprotective effects by inducing calbindin D28kd, one of C^{2m} -binding proteins.

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DESCRIPTION

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AMINOPHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVES AS NEUROPROTECTANTS

5 TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to novel aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives and pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which have neuroprotective effects by inducing or increasing calbindin D28Kd, one of Ca^{2*}-binding proteins, and which are useful in ameliorating and treating functional and organic disorders in the brain. More specifically, the present invention relates to therapeutic and improving agents for the allevivation or treatment of symptoms due to various ischemic disorders in the brain such as sequelae of carebral infarction, sequelae of intracerebral hemorrhage, sequelae of carebral arteriosclerosis and so on, and symptoms of organic brain disorder such as sentle dementia, sequelae of head trauma, sequelae of surgical brain operation, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic

BACKGROUND ART

It is generally considered that the pathogenesis of progressive, delayed death of nerve cells, observed in cerebral injury and cerebrovascular disease such as intracerebral hemorrhage, transient ischemia attack, and cerebral infarction, is mainly caused by a rise in intracellular Ca²⁺ concentration due to various factors related to signal transductions. Such factors related to signal transduction include, for example, abnormal activation of glutamate receptors due to excessive release glutamate, that is, an excitatory neurotransmitter, abnormal activation of ion channels, and excessive production of reactive

oxygen species/free radicals. [F. B. Meyer, Brain Res. Rev., 14, 227 (1989); E. Boddeke et al., Trands Pharmacol. Sci., 10, 397 (1989); J. M. McCall et al., Ann. Rep. Med. Chem., 27, 31 (1992)].

From these points of view, medicaments for preventing or suppressing the neuronal cell death, such as glutamate receptor antagonists, calcium channel blockers, antioxidants and so on have been developed. However, these clinically used medicaments suppress only a few pathways related to increase of the cellular Ca^{2*} concentration, and are not sufficient for preventing or suppressing the neuronal cell death.

On the contrary, calbindin D28Kd, one of Ca²⁺-binding proteins and mainly distributed in friable site of the brain against ischemic disease, is reported to possess buffering effects for a rise in cytotoxic intracellular Ca²⁺ concentration.

[A. M. Lacopino et al., Neurodegeneration, 3, 1 (1994); M. P. Mattson et al., Neuron, 6, 41 (1991)]

Accordingly, it is expected to achieve sufficient neuroprotective effects against the increase of intracellular Ca²⁺ concentration caused by any kinds of pathways if calbindin D28Kd, one of the Ca²⁺-binding proteins per se, can be supplied in a living body. That is, it is expected that medicaments containing calbindin D28Kd would be effective therapeutic and improving agents for the allevivation or treatment of symptoms due to various ischemic disorders in the brain such as sequelae of cerebral infarction, sequelae of intracerebral hemorrhage, sequelae of cerebral arteriosclerosis and so on, and symptoms of organic brain disorder such as senile dementia, sequelae of head trauma, sequelae of surgical brain operation, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and so on.

However, because calbindin D28Kd is unstable macromolecular protein having 28 Kd (kilo dalton) of molecular

weight, it is difficult to be administered directly into a site in the central nervous system of a living body in view of pharmacological and pharmaceutical standpoints.

On the other hand, the lower molecular compounds having effect on induction of the calbindin D28Kd can be easily prepared into the various kinds of pharmaceutical compositions by the conventional techniques. Thus, these lower molecular compounds are expected to induce the calbindin D28Kd after administration in to a body, and to possess buffering action against the increase of the cellular Ca²⁺ concentration. That is, these lower compounds can be effective compounds for improving and treating cerebral functional and organic disorders.

Under these circumstances, the objective of the present invention is to provide the lower molecular weight compounds having neuroprotective effect by inducing the calbindin D28Kd, one of Ca^{2*} -binding proteins, of low toxicity in suitable preparations of pharmaceutical compositions such as intravenous injectable solution.

The further purpose of the present invention is to provide
the therapeutic and improving agents for the allevivation or
treatment of symptoms due to various ischemic disorders in the
brain such as sequelae of cerebral infarction, sequelae of
intracerebral hemorrhage, sequelae of cerebral arteriosclerosis
and so on, and symptoms of organic brain disorder such as senile
dementia, sequelae of head trauma, sequelae of surgical brain
operation, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic
lateral sclerosis and so on.

30 DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

As one aspect of the present invention, it is provided aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives represented by the following

formula (I):

wherein:

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R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom; halogen atom; hydroxy group; alkoxy group which may be substituted; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted;

R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted;

E¹ is oxygen atom; sulfur atom; or group -NR⁹- (in which, R⁹ is hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted);

E² is oxygen atom; sulfur atom; or group -NR¹⁰- (in which, R¹⁰ is hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted);

n is 0 to 5 (provided that n=0, one of the groups of X and Y may be connecting bond but both of the groups of X and Y do not represent connecting bond at the same time):

X and Y are, independent from each other, connecting bond; alkylene group which may be substituted by hydroxyl group; cycloalkylene group; alkenylene group which may be substituted by lower alkyl group; -NHCO-; -CONH- or -SO₂-;

Q is hydrogen atom; phenyl group which may be substituted;

phenoxy group which may be substituted; benzoyl group which may be substituted; pyridyl group which may be substituted; quinolyl group which may be substituted; isoquinolyl group which may be substituted; or benzimidazolyl group which may be substituted;

5 (provided that one of E1 and E2 represent either oxygen atom or sulphur atom then the other one of E1 and E2 represent neither oxygen atom nor sulfur atom at the same time, and in the case of ${\tt E}^1$ is nitrogen atom and ${\tt E}^2$ is oxygen atom, or in the case of ${\tt E}^1$ is oxygen atom and E^2 is nitrogen atom, all of the groups of R^1 , R^2 , 10 R3 and R4 do not represent methyl group at the same time), or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

More specifically, the present invention provides the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I), in which;

- 1. R1, R2, R3 and R4 are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom; halogen atom; alkoxy group; or alkyl group which may be substituted; RS is hydrogen atom or alkyl group which may be substituted; E1 is -NH-; and E2 is oxygen atom,
- 2. E1 is -NH-; E2 is oxygen atom; either the case in which X is connecting bond and Y is group -CONH-, or the other in which 20 X is the group -CONH- and Y is connecting bond ; Q is phenyl group which may be substituted, and
 - 3. E^1 and E^2 are -NH-; X and Y are connecting bond; Q is phenyl group which may be substituted,
- 25 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

According to the present inventor's investigations, it is confirmed that the aminophenoxyacetic acid in low concentration represented by the formula (I) effectively induced the calbindin D28Kd and possessed excellent neuroprotective effect accordingly. Further, these compounds are also confirmed to have high safety margin, and are suitable for preparation of various kinds of

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pharmaceutical compositions.

Therefore, the present invention provides the calbindin D28Kd, inducing agent containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives represented by the formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof as an active ingredient, as another embodiment.

As still a further embodiment, the present invention provides an improving and therapeutic agent for the cerebral functional and organic disorders containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives represented by the formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, as an active ingredient.

Although lower molecular weight compounds, the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I) express the neuroprotective effect by inducing the calbindin D28Kd after administration into a living body.

Accordingly, as still another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for selecting a neuroprotective compound by measurement of inducing capability of calbindin D28Kd, which is Ca²⁺-binding protein.

As still another embodiment, the present invention provides neuroprotective compounds to induce the calbindin D28Kd, one of ${\sf Ca}^{2^*}$ -binding proteins.

As still a further embodiment, the present invention provides therapeutic and improving agents containing compounds having neuroprotective effect by inducing the calbindin D28Kd, against cerebral function disorders due to various ischemic disorders such as cerebral infarction, intracerebral hemorrhage and cerebral arteriosclerosis.

30 As still a further embodiment, the present invention provides therapeutic and improving agents containing compounds having neuroprotective effect by inducing calbindin D28Kd, for - 7 -

cerebral organic disorders such as senile dementia, cerebral injury, sequela of cerebral surgical operation, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

As a preferred embodiment, the present invention provides

5 the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives represented by the
formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is the
pharmaceutical composition containing the compounds having
neuroprotective effect by inducing the calbindin D28Kd.

10 BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The aminophenoxyscetic acid derivatives of the present invention include aminophenoxyscetic acids, aminoanilinoacetic acids, aminothiophenoxyscetic acids, oxyanilinoacetic acids and thioanilinoacetic acids. Therefore, "aminophenoxyscetic acid derivatives" in this specification include all the derivatives stated above as long as not stated otherwise.

In the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I) provided by the present invention with reference to various substitution group of R^1 to R^{10} , "halogen atom" includes fluorine atom, chlorine atom and bromine atom.

The term "alkoxy group" stands for a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkoxy group, and may include, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy and the like.

The term "alkyl group which may be substituted" stands for a straight-chained or branched-chained C_1 - C_5 alkyl group which may be halogen-substituted, and may include, for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, trifluoromethyl group, and the like.

30 The "aryl", a part of the term "aryl group which may be substituted", stands for C_4 - C_{14} aryl group or heteroaryl group which may contain one or more of hetero ring atom(s) such as

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nitrogen and oxygen atom(s). Examples of the preferred "aryl" include phenyl, pyridyl and naphthyl. The suitable substituents of said aryl group include halogen atom such as fluorine atom, chlorine atom and bromine atom; hydroxy group; a straight-chained or branched-chained C_1 - C_5 alkoxy group such as methoxy and ethoxy group; and a straight-chained or branched-chained C_1 - C_5 alkyl group which can be substituted by halogen atom such as methyl, ethyl, propyl and trifluoromethyl.

The "aralkyl", a part of the term "aralkyl group which may be substituted", stands for C₅-C₁₂ aralkyl group or heteroarylalkyl group, which may contain one or more of hetero ring atom such as nitrogen and oxygen atom(s). The examples include benzyl, phenethyl, pyridylmethyl, and pyridylethyl. The suitable substituents of said aralkyl group include halogen atoms such as fluorine atom, chlorine atom and bromine atom; hydroxy group; a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkoxy group such as ethoxy group; and a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkyl group which may be substituted by halogen atom such as methyl, ethyl, propyl and trifluoromethyl.

The "alkylene", a part of the term "alkylene group which may be substituted by hydroxyl group", refers to the substituents X and Y, and preferably represents a straight-chained or branched-chained C_1 - C_6 alkylene group such as methylene, methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene, cyclopropylmethylene and the like.

The term "cycloalkylene" preferably stands for C₃-C₆ cycloalkylene and may include 1,1-cyclopropylene, 1,2-cyclopropylene, 1,1-cyclobutylene, 1,1-cyclopentylene, 1,1-cyclopentylene and 1,2-cyclopropylene are more preferable.

The "alkenylene", a part of the term "alkenylene group which may be substituted by lower alkyl group", may include $C_2 \cdot C_4$

alkenylene such as vinylene, and butadiene and vinylene is preferably used. The lower alkyl group, which is substituent of alkylene group, may be methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl and the like.

The suitable substituents represented as "Q" for "phenyl group which may be substituted", "phenoxy group which may be substituted", "phenoxy group which may be substituted", "pyridyl group which may be substituted", "quinolyl group which may be substituted" and "benzimidazolyl group which may be substituted" and "benzimidazolyl group which may be substituted", may include halogen atom such as fluorine atom, chlorine atom and bromine atom; hydroxy group; a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkoxy group such as methoxy, ethoxy group and so on. Furthermore, these substituents may also include a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkyl group which may be substituted by halogen atom such as fluorine atom, chlorine atom and bromine atom. The examples include methyl, ethyl, propyl, trifluoromethyl and the like.

The term "connecting bond" with reference to "X" and "Y"

20 means direct bond. Therefore, if "X" and/or "Y" are connecting
bond, two adjacent substituents of "X" and/or "Y" are connected
directly, and these substituents do not exist as "X" and/or "Y".

It is understood that when the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I) of the present invention exist in the isomer forms, each isomers per se, as well as the isomeric mixture, shall be included in the compounds of the present invention. Namely, the structural isomers may exist due to the substituents on the benzene ring. Furthermore, optical isomers may exist due to the asymmetric carbon atom of the hydroxy substituted "X" or "Y" of alkylene group. These isomers shall be included within the scope of the compounds of the present

invention.

The aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I) include the compounds (Ia), (Ib) and (Ic) obtained by the synthetic process mentioned latter. For example, these compounds may be prepared by the following.

The compound (IV), obtained by the reaction of the compound (III) with the ester compound (III), is hydrolyzed to convert into carboxylic acid derivative (V). The obtained compound (V) is then converted into amide compound (VII) by the condensation reaction with the compound (VII). Further, the protecting group in the compound (VII) thus obtained is removed to obtain compound (Ia), the compound of formula (I) of the present invention, in which n is 0, X and Y is connecting bond and Q is hydrogen atom (Process 1).

The compound (Ib) can be obtained by reacting the compound (Ia) with the compound (VIII) (Process 2).

Furthermore, the compound (Ic) can be obtained by reacting the compound (Ia) with the compound (IX) (Process 3).

Each process will be further illustrated by the following reaction scheme.

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Process 1:

wherein R¹ to R⁶. E¹ and E² have the same definitions as above, and R¹¹ is alkyl group which may be substituted, aryl group which may be substituted; tert-butoxycarbonyl group; ethoxycarbonyl group; acetyl group; benzyloxycarbonyl group; p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl group; R¹² is a straight-chained or branched-chained C₁-C₅ alkyl group; L¹ is leaving group which can easily be replaced with amino, hydroxy and mercapto group; P is benzyl group, tert-butoxycarbonyl group, ethoxycarbonyl group; acetyl group; benzyloxycarbonyl group; p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl group.

According to this process 1, the compound (Ia) can be obtained from the known starting compound (II).

Namely, for the first step, the compound (II) is reacted with 1.0 to 1.5 mole equivalent of ester compound (III) in the inert solvent, and if necessary in the presence of the base,

under stirring at -20 °C to 150 °C, preferably at 0 °C to 100 °C.

The inert solvent to be used in the reaction may be benzene, toluene, tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, dimethyformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, acetonitrile, acetone, methanol, ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, tert-butyl alcohol, ethylene glycol and the like.

The base to be used in the above reaction may be an organic base such as triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, pyridine and the like, or an inorganic base such as sodium, sodium hydride, potassium, potassium hydride, sodium ethoxide, potassium tert-butoxide, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate, cesium fluoride, sodium bicarbonate, potassium bicarbonate and the like. These organic base and inorganic base may be used in combination, and sodium iodide or tetrabutylammonium iodide can be added in the reaction mixture.

The substituent $^{*}L^{1*}$ in the ester compound (III) may be the leaving group which can easily be replaced with amino, hydroxy and mercapto group, and examples include halogen atom such chlorine atom, bromine atom, 1od1de alkylsulfonyloxy group such as methanesulfonyloxy group; arylsulfonyloxy group such as p-toluenesulfonyloxy group, 3nitrobenzenesulfonyloxy group and the like.

The compounds (II) and (III) to be used in this reaction are commercial available ones, or can easily prepared by the 25 known methods.

The compound (II) and compound (III) to be used in this reaction can be commercially available and known compounds, or can be easily prepared from known compounds by using common methods.

30 Examples of the compound (II) include 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)phenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-chloro-3,5,6-tri-

methylphenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,6-trimethylphenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3-dimethylphenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dimethylphenol, 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-4,6-dimethylphenol, 5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methoxyphenol, 5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-4-chloro-2-methoxyphenol, 4-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-2,6-dichlorophenol, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylaniline, 4-methoxy-2-methylaniline, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,5,-dimethylaniline, 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-4,5-dimethylaniline. 3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,4,6-trimethylaniline, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dichloroaniline, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,6-dichloroaniline, 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3,4-dichloroaniline, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methoxy-5-methylaniline, 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dimethoxyaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)phenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2-chloro-3,5,6-trimethylphenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,3,6-trimethylphenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,3-dimethylphenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dimethylphenol, 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-4,6-dimethylphenol, 5-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2-methoxyphenol, 5-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-4-chloro-20 2-methoxyphenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,6-dichlorophenol, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,3,4,6-tetramethylaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dimethylaniline, 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-4,5-dimethylaniline, 3-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,4,6-tri-25 methylaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dichloroaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,6-dichloroaniline, 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3,4-dichloroaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2methoxy-5-methylaniline, 4-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dimethoxyaniline and so on.

The ester compound of the formula (III) includes, for example, ethyl bromoacetate, ethyl 2-bromopropionate, ethyl 2-bromo-2-methylpropionate, and so on.

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Then, the obtained compound (IV) is hydrolyzed to convert into carboxylic acid derivative (V) by the common methods, and the resultant carboxylic acid derivative of the formula (V) is further converted into amide derivative (VII) by reaction with the compound (VI).

The compound (VI) to be used for the reaction with the compound (V) is known compound as described in *J. Med. Chem.*, 16, 3707 (1993) [R. H. Mach et al.], or can be easily prepared by the methods described in EP 0184257 Al [R. A. Stokbroekx, et al.].

The reaction conditions of this amidation reaction may vary according to the methods described in "Compendium for Organic Synthesis" (wiley-Interscience: A Division of John Wiley & Sons Ltd.). For example, the compound (V) is treated optionally in the presence of an organic or an inorganic base with diethyl cyanophosphonate (DEPC), diphenylphosphoryl azide dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride, 2-iodo-1-methylpyridinium benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium or hexafluorophosphate (BOP Reagent), and then reacted with compound (VI) to obtain the amide compound (VII). Furthermore, the compound (V) is converted into the activated ester compound such as acid halide, symmetric acid anhydride, or the mixture acid anhydride, then reacted with the compound (VI) to obtain the amide compound (VII).

The compound (VII) thus obtained is converted into the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (Ia), the compound of the present invention, by the removal reaction of the protecting group on the nitrogen atom of the amide compound (VII).

This reaction may vary depend on the protecting group on the nitrogen atom of the compound (VII). For example, the compound (VII) is treated with acids such as trifluoroacetic acid, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen bromide, or sulfuric acid in an inert solvent such as benzene, toluene, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, and the like. Furthermore, the removal of the protecting group may also be carried out by hydrogenolysis of the compound (VII) under 1 to 5 atm of hydrogen, in the presence of a catalyst such as palladium-carbon, palladium hydroxide, platinum, or platinum oxide, in an inert solvent such as methanol, ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, ethyl acetate or acetic acid.

Although each compounds obtained in the above process 1 may be used for the next reaction without further purification, it can also be used after further purification in conventional manner such as recrystallization or column chromatography and so on if necessary.

15 Process 2:

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$$R^{5}-E^{1} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} R^{2} R^{6} R^{7} \xrightarrow{R^{8}} R^{6} R^{7} \xrightarrow{R^{8}} L^{2} - (CH_{2})_{n} - X - Y - Q'$$

$$(VIII)$$

$$R^{5}-E^{1} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} R^{6} R^{7} \xrightarrow{R^{8}} L^{2} - (CH_{2})_{n} - X - Y - Q'$$

$$(VIII)$$

wherein R^1 to R^8 , E^1 , E^2 , n, X and Y have the same definitions as above; and Q^1 is phenyl group which may be substituted, phenoxy group which may be substituted, benzoyl group which may be substituted, quinolyl group which may be substituted, quinolyl group which may be substituted, isoqunolyl group which may be substituted; L^2 is leaving group which can be easily replaced with the amino

group.

According to this process 2, the aminophenoxyacetic acid of the formula (Ib) of the present invention can be obtained by 5 reacting the compound (Ia), obtained in the process 1 mentioned above, with the compound (VIII).

The compound (Ia) is reacted with 1.0 to 1.5 mole equivalent of the compound (VIII) in the inert solvent such as benzene, toluene, acetonitrile, ether, tetrahydrofuran, dioxan, methylene chloride, chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, dimethylformamide, and dimethyl sulfoxide in the presence of the base, at -50 °C to 120 °C, preferably at -20 °C to 50 °C.

The base to be used in the reaction may be an organic base such as triethylamine, pyridine, diisopropylethylamine and the like, or an inorganic base such as sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, potassium bicarbonate, cesium fluoride, sodium hydride and the like. Sodium iodide or tetrabutylammonium iodide can be added in the reaction mixture.

The substituent "L²" in the compound (VIII) is the leaving group, which can easily be replaced by amino group, and examples include halogen atom such as chlorine atom, bromine atom; alkylsulfonyloxy group such as methanesulfonyloxy group; arylsulfonyloxy group such as p-toluenesulfonyloxy group and the 25 like.

In this process 2, the aminophenoxyacetic acid of the formula (Ib) can be produced as well.

Process 3:

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wherein R^1 to R^8 , E^1 , E^2 , Q and L^2 have the same definitions as previously mentioned, and p is 0 to 3.

According to this process 3, the aminophenoxyacetic acid of the formula (Ic) of the present invention can be obtained from the reaction of the compound (Ia), obtained in the process 1 mentioned above, with the compound (IXa) or the compound (IXb).

For example, the compound (Ia) is reacted with 0.9 to 1.5 mole equivalent of the compound (IXa) or (IXb) in an inert solvent at from room temperature to about 200 °C, preferably at about 50 °C to about 150 °C, to produce the aminophenoxyacetic acid of the formula (IC).

The inert solvent to be used in the reaction may be benzene, toluene, tetrahydrofuran, diethyl ether, ethylene glycol dimethyl ether, dioxane, dimethyformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, acetonitrile, methanol, ethanol, isopropyl alcohol, t-butyl alcohol, ethylene glycol and the like.

Examples of the compound (IXa) include epibromohydrin, epichlorohydrin, (R)-epichlorohydrin, (S)-epichlorohydrin and the like, and examples of the compound (IXb) include glycidyl tosylate, (R)-glycidyl tosylate, (S)-glycidyl tosylate, (R)-

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glycidyl 3-nitrobenzensulfonate, (S)-glycidyl 3-nitrobenzensulfonate, (R)-glycidyl 4-nitrobenzoate, (S)-glycidyl 4-nitrobenzoate, gylcidyltrimethylammonium chloride and the like.

In this process 3, the aminophenoxyacetic acid of the 5 formula (Ic) can be produced as well.

The aminophenoxyacetic acid derivatives of the formula (I) thus obtained may be isolated and purified in conventional manner, such as recrystallization, column chromatography and the like.

Further, each isomers contained in the compounds of the formula (I) of the present invention can be obtained by resolution of the isomeric mixture of these compounds by the conventional methods, such as recrystallization, column chromatography, HPLC, and the like, or by using optically active reagents.

The compounds of the present invention represented by the formula (I) may be used in the form of free bases or suitable pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts can be obtained by treating the compound (I) with an inorganic acid or an organic acid in suitable solvent. Examples of the inorganic acid include hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, periodic acid and the like. Further, examples of the organic acid include formic acid, acetic acid, butyric acid, oxalic acid, malonic acid, propionic acid, valeric acid, succinic acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, malic acid, benzoic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, methanesulfonic acid and the like.

The aminophenoxyacetic acid of the present invention represented by the formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable

salts thereof shows low toxicity and may be administered per se. However, it may be converted in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable composition with the conventionally pharmaceutically acceptable carriers for improvement or treatment of ischemic diseases.

The dosage forms may include oral formulations such as capsules, tablets or parenteral formulations such as injection solution containing the compound of the formula (I) per se, or using the conventional excipients. For example, the capsules can be prepared by mixing the compound of the formula (I) in powder form with a suitable excipient such as lactose, starch or derivatives thereof or cellulose derivatives, and then filled in gelatin capsules.

Also, the tablets can be prepared by mixing the active ingredients with the above-mentioned excipients, binders such as sodium carboxymethylcellulose, alginic acid or gum arabic and water, then if necessary, making the resultant mixture into granules. Then, it may be further mixed with lubricant such as talc or stearic acid, and compressed into tablet by mean of common tableting machine.

Injectable formulations for parenteral route also can be prepared by dissolving the compound of the formula (I) or salts thereof in sterile distilled solution or sterile physiological saline solution with solution adjuvant, and filling it into ample. A stabilizer or buffer can be used in the injectable solution, and the injectable formulation may be administered intravenously or by dripping.

In administration of the compound of the formula (I) which
possess neurocytic protecting effect based on induction of
calbindin D28Kd, one of Ca^{2*}-bindind proteins, the therapeutically
effective dosage for improving cerebral functional and organic
disorders is not particularly limited and may vary depending on

the various kinds of factors. These factors may be the patient's condition, the severity of the disease, age, existence of a complication, administration route, formulation, as well as number of times for administration.

A usual recommended daily dose for oral administration is within the range of 0.1 - 1,000 mg/day/person, preferably 1 - 500 mg/day/person, while a usual recommended daily dose for parenteral administration is within the range of 1/100 to 1/2 based on dose of the oral administration. These doses also may vary depending on age, as well as the patient's condition.

Examples:

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The present invention is illustrated in more detail by way of the following examples, but it is to be noted that the present invention is not limited by these Examples in any way.

The compound numbers in the following examples are identical to those in the Table mentioned later.

Example 1: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (1)

A solution of 1.86 g of 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]acetic acid, 1.43 of 1-(tertbutoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine, 2.94 g of benzotriazol-1-yloxytris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate Reagent) and 1.26 ml of triethylamine in dimethylformamide was stirred over night at room temperature. Then, 15 ml of saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine, dried and 30 concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue. obtained residue was dissolved in 30 ml of methylene chloride, and to this solution was added 7.5 ml of trifluoroacetic acid at

0 °C, then the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. After removal of the solvent, the resultant residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (methylene chloride: methanol = 12:1) to give 1.52 g (81%) of the above-mentioned compound (1).

Example 2: 2-(4-Amino-2,3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)propamide (2)

The title compound (2) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy]propionic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 3: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methy-N-methyl-N 15 (4-piperidinyl)propamide (3)

The title compound (3) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]-2-methylpropionic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 4: 2-(2-Amino-4.6-dimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (4)

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The title compound (4) was obtained from 2-[2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-4,6-dimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 5: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (5)

30 The title compound (5) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-buto xycarbonylamino)-2,3,6-trimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the

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Example 1.

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Example 6: 2-(5-Amino-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (6)

The title compound (6) was obtained from 2-[5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methoxyphenoxy]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxy- carbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

10 Example 7: 2-(5-Amino-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (7)

The title compound (7) was obtained from 2-[5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methoxyphenoxy]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 8: 2-(5-Amino-4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (8)

The title compound (8) was obtained from 2-[5-(tert20 butoxycarbonylamino)-4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy]acetic acid and 1(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner
as the Example 1.

Example 9: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N25 (4-piperidinyl)acetamide (9)

The title compound (9) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-chloro-3.5,6-trimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 10: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (10)

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The title compound (10) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

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Example 11: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-(4-piperidinyl)agetamide (11)

The title compound (11) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-aminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 12: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-(4-piperidinyl)propamide (12)

The title compound (12) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]propionic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-aminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

20 Example 13: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)propamide (13)

The title compound (13) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]-2-methylpropionic

acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-aminopiperidine by the same

25 manner as the Example 1.

Example 14: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (14)

The title compound (14) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

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Example 15: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)propamide (15)

The title compound (15) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy]propionic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 16: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (16)

The title compound (16) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-6-chloro-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 17: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (17)

The title compound (17) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-6-chloro-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxylacetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-aminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 18: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-ethyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (18)

The title compound (18) was obtained from 2-[4-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino]acetic acid and
1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-ethylaminopiperidine by the same manner
as the Example 1.

Example 19: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethyl-N-methylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (19)

The title compound (19) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethyl-N-methylanilino]acetic

acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 20: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-5 piperidinyl)propamide (20)

The title compound (20) was obtained from 2-[4-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino]propionic and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 21: 2-14-(Tert-butoxycarbonvlamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino]-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (21) 2-[4-(tert-

of 2.2 Þ of

mixture solution

butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino]acetic acid, 1.67 ml of 1-benzyl-4-aminopiperidine, 10.47 g of 25% propanephosphonic acid anhydride and 4.76 ml of triethylamine in 40 ml of methylene chloride was stirred over night at room temperature. Then, 20 ml of saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted with methylene chloride. The extract was washed with brine, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue. obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (methylene chloride : methanol = 10:1) to give 2.48 g (73%) of 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino]-N-(1benzyl-4-piperidinyl)acetamide. Then, a mixture of 438 mg of the compound obtained and 40 mg of 20%-palladium hydroxide on carbon in 4 ml of methanol was stirred for 6 hours under 5 atm of hydrogen. Then, the catalyst was filltered off a Celite (trade name) pud and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue. The obtained residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020)

column chromatography (methylene chloride : methanol = 10:1) to

give 293 mg (81%) of the above-mentioned compound (21).

Example 22: 2-(4-Dimethylamino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (22)

The title compound (22) was obtained from 2-(4-dimethylamino-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino)acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 23: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (23)

The title compound (23) was obtained from 2-[3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,4,6-trimethylanilino]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner is as the Example 1.

Example 24: 2-(3-Dimethylamino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (24)

The title compound (24) was obtained from 2-(3-dimethylamino-2.4,6-trimethylanilino)acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 25: 2-(2-Amino-4.5-dimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (25)

The title compound (25) was obtained from 2-[2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-4.5-dimethylanilino]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 26: 2-(4-Amino-2.5-dichloroanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (26)

The title compound (26) was obtained from 2-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2,5-dichloroanilino]acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

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Example 27: 2-(4-Nitro-2.6-dichloroanilino)-N-methyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)acetamide (27)

The title compound (27) was obtained from 2-(4-nitro-2,6-dichloroanilino)acetic acid and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methylaminopiperidine by the same manner as the Example 1.

Example 28: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(1-phenethyl-4-piperidinyl)acetamide (28)

200 mg of phenethyl bromide was added to a mixture

15 solution of 350 mg of the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1

and 172 mg of triethylamine in 5 ml of acetonitrile, and the
mixture was stirred for 5 hours at 60 °C. Then, 5 ml of saturated
ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture and
the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was

20 washed with brine, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure
to give a residue. The obtained residue was purified by aminecoated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column
chromatography (methylene chloride: methanol = 20:1) to give 390

mg (83%) of the above-mentioned compound (28).

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Example 29: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (29)

The title compound (29) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 30: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-

oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (30)

The title compound (30) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 31: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-(1-phenthyl-4-piperidinyl)propamide (31)

The title compound (31) was obtained by the same manner as
the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2
10 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 32: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[]-(2-(4-amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (32)

The fitle compound (32) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and N-(4-amino-2,3,5,6-tetramethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 33: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-20 quinolylmethyl)-4-piperidinylpropamide (33)

The title compound (33) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and 2-quinolylmethyl bromide.

Example 34: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (34)

The title compound (34) was obtained by the same manner as
the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1
30 and N-(4-amino-2,3,5,6-tetramethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 35: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-

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benzimidazolylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylpropamide (35)

The title compound (35) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and 2-benzimidazolylmethyl bromide.

Example 36: 2-(2-Amino-4.6-dimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-pyridylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (36)

The title compound (36) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (4) obtained in the Example 4 and 2-pyridylmethyl bromide.

Example 37: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (37)

The title compound (37) was obtained by the same manner as
15 the Example 28 from the Compound (5) obtained in the Example 5
and phenethyl bromide.

Example 38: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (38)

The title compound (38) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 39: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(4-amino-2.5-dichloroanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide
(39)

The title compound (39) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (5) obtained in the Example 5 and N-(4-amino-2,5-dichloro)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 40: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (40)

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The title compound (40) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and phenethyl bromide.

5 Example 41: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (41)

The title compound (41) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

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Example 42: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylpropamide (42)

The title compound (42) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 43: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(2.5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)anilino-2-oxyethyll-4-piperidinyll-N-methyl-acetamide (43)

The title compound (43) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(2.5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 44: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxyl-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-quinolylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (44)

The title compound (44) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and 2-chloromethylquinoline.

30 Example 45: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(3-chloro-2-methyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (45)

The title compound (45) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(3-chloro-2-methyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

5 Example 46: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(2-tert-butyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (46)

The title compound (46) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(2-tert-butyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 47: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(2.6-dimethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (47)

The title compound (47) was obtained by the same manner as 15 the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(2,6-dimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 48: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-(3-chloro-2-methyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-

methylpropamide (48)

The title compound (48) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(3-chloro-2-methyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

25 Example 49: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-tert-butylanilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropemide
[49]

The title compound (49) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(2-tert-butylmethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 50: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-

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(2.6-dimethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-methyl-propamide (50)

The title compound (50) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(2,6-dimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 51: 2-(5-Amino-4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-ethylacetamide (51)

The title compound (51) was obtained by the same manner as 10 the Example 28 from the Compound (8) obtained in the Example 8 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 52: 2-(5-Amino-4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(2-(2.4.6-trimethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (52)

The title compound (52) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (8) obtained in the Example 8 and N-(2.4.6-trimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 53: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (53)

The title compound (53) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 54: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (54)

The title compound (54) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 30 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 55: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-

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(1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (55)

The title compound (55) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 56: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenyl-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]acetamide (56)

The title compound (56) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and phenacyl bromide.

Example 57: 2-(5-Amino-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(2-(2.4.6-trimethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (57)

The title compound (57) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (7) obtained in the Example 7 and N-(2,4,6-trimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 58: 2-(5-Amino-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-(2.4.6-20 trimethyl)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (58)

The title compound (58) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (6) obtained in the Example 6 and N-(2,4,6-trimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

25 Example 59: 2-(5-Amino-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (59)

The title compound (59) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (6) obtained in the Example 6 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 60: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(2-tert-butylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (60)

The title compound (60) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and N-(2-tert-butyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 61: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(2.6-dimethylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (61)

The title compound (61) was obtained by the same manner as
the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2
and N-(2,6-dimethyl)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 62: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (62)

The title compound (62) was obtained by the same manner as 15 the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 63: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (63)

The title compound (63) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 64: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-(1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (64)

The title compound (64) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 65: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxy)propyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (65)

A mixture solution of 330 mg of Compound (1) obtained in
the Example 1 and 162 mg of glycidyl phenyl ether in 8 ml of isopropanol was stirred for 4 hours at 80 °C. Then, the reaction
mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the
5 resultant residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji
Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column chromatography
(chloroform: methanol = 30:1) to give 266 mg (54%) of the title
compound (65).

10 Example 66: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4piperidinyl]acetamide (66)

The title compound (66) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and 2-bromo-N-(trans-2-phenylcyclopropyl)acetamide.

Example 67: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-methyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllpropemide (67)

The title compound (67) was obtained by the same manner as 20 the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and cinnamy bromide.

Example 68: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-methyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllpropamide (68)

The title compound (68) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 69: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-methyl
30 N-[1-(2-(1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll
propamide (69)

The title compound (69) was obtained by the same manner as

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the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 70: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (70)

The title compound (70) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 71: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-ethylacetamide (71)

The title compound (71) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (14) obtained in the Example 14 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 72: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-(1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]acetamide (72)

The title compound (72) was obtained by the same manner as
the Example 28 from the Compound (16) obtained in the Example 16
and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 73: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3,5,6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-ethylacetamide (73)

The title compound (73) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (9) obtained in the Example 9 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 74: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-[]-(3phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (74)

The title compound (74) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (14) obtained in the Example 14 - 37 -

and cinnamyl bromide.

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Example 75: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-ethylpropamide (75)

The title compound (75) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (15) obtained in the Example 15 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 76: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (76)

The title compound (76) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (18) obtained in the Example 18 and phenethyl bromids.

15 Example 77: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (77)

The title compound (77) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (15) obtained in the Example 15 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 78: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (78)

The title compound (78) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (18) obtained in the Example 18 25 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 79: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-(4-amino-2.5-dichloro)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (79)

The title compound (79) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(4-amino-2,5-dichloro)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 80: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (80)

The title compound (80) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13 and cinnamy bromide.

Example 81: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinylpropamide (81)

The title compound (81) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 82: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyljpropamide (82)

The title compound (82) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 83: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (83)

The title compound (83) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (12) obtained in the Example 12 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

25 Example 84: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyl]propamide (84)

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The title compound (84) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (12) obtained in the Example 12 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 85: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (85)

The title compound (85) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

5 Example R6: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyl]acetamide (R6)

The title compound (86) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and cinnamy! bromide.

Example 87: 2-(4-Amino-2,3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllpropamide (87)

The title compound (87) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (15) obtained in the Example 15 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 88: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyl]acetamide (88)

The title compound (88) was obtained by the same manner as

20 the Example 28 from the Compound (18) obtained in the Example 18

and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 89: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(4-amino-2.5-dichloro)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide
25 (89)

The title compound (89) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-(4-amino-2,5-dichloro)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

30 Example 90: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinylpropamide (90)

The title compound (90) was obtained by the same manner as

the Example 28 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 91: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-(1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (91)

The title compound (91) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (17) obtained in the Example 17 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

10 Example 92: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(4-amino-2.5-dichloro)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-Nmethylacetamide (92)

The title compound (92) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (16) obtained in the Example 16 and N-(4-amino-2,5-dichloro)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 93: 2-(4-Amino-2-chloro-3.5.6-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-[2.5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-Nathylacetamide (93)

The title compound (93) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (9) obtained in the Example 9 and N-(2,5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 94: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-ethyl-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (94)

The title compound (94) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (18) obtained in the Example 18 and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

30 Example 95: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (95)

The title compound (95) was obtained by the same manner as

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the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 96: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (96)

The title compound (96) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

10 Example 97: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)acetamide (97)

The title compound (97) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 98: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-(2.6-dimethylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (98)

The title compound (98) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13 and N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 99: 2-(4-Amino-2,3,5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (99)

The title compound (99) was obtained by the same manner as
25 the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13
and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 100: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-(2-tert-butylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (100)

The title compound (100) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (13) obtained in the Example 13 and N-(2-tert-butylphenyl)-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 101: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(1-phenyl-1-cyclopropane)methyl-4-piperidinyllpropamide (101)

The title compound (101) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (12) obtained in the Example 12 and 1-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 102: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl|propamide (102)

The title compound (102) was obtained by the same manner 10 as the Example 28 from the Compound (12) obtained in the Example 12 and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 103: 2-(4-Amino-2.3,5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxy)propyl-4-piperidinylpropamide (103)

The title compound (103) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 65 from the Compound (2) obtained in the Example 2.

Example 104: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(1-phenylgyclopropyl)amino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (104)

The title compound (104) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and N-(1-phenyl)cyclopropyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 105: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-25 (N-methylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (105)

The title compound (105) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (1) obtained in the Example 1 and N-methyl-N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

30 Example 106: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (106)

The title compound (106) was obtained by the same manner

as the Example 28 from the Compound (12) obtained in the Example 12 and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 107: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-5 (2.5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylpropamide (107)

The title compound (107) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (3) obtained in the Example 3 and N-(2,5-dimethyl-4-hydroxy)phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 108: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5-trimethylphenoxy)-N-[1-(2-(N-methylanilino)-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (108)

The title compound (108) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (11) obtained in the Example 11 and N-methyl-N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide.

Example 109: 3(4-[[2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-acetyl](methyl)aminol-1-piperidino)-2-phenylpropionic acid (109)

{4-[(tertsolution of 144 mq of mixture butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino)acetic acid, 156 mg of ethyl 3-[4-(methylamino)-1-piperidino]-2-phenyl propionate, 860 mg of 25% propanephosphonic acid anhydride and 436 μ 1 of triethylamine in 2 ml of methylene chloride was stirred over Then, saturated sodium hydrogen night at room temperature. carbonate solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted with methylene chloride. The extract was washed with brine, dried, filtrated, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue. The obtained residue was by silica gel column chromatography (methylene purified 30 chloride : methanol = 10:1) to give 180 mg (67%) of ethyl 3-{4-[({4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2,3,5,6-tetramethylanilino}acetyl)(methyl)amino]-1-piperidino}-2-phenyl propionate. Then.

178 mg of the obtained ethyl propionate was dissolved in 3 ml of 1.4-dioxane and 3 ml of 0.3N-litium hydroxide solution was added to this solution, then the mixture solution was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was acidified (pH 4) with conc. HCl solution and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine, dried, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue. Then, a mixture solution of the obtained residue in methylene chloride and trifluoroacetic acid (4:1) was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. Then, the solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in water and then treated with 4N-HCl solution to give 130 mg (81%) of the above-mentioned compound (109).

Example 110: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (110)

The title compound (110) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and benzyl bromide.

Example 111: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-[1-(2-phenyl-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (111)

as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 25 10 and phenacyl bromide.

Example 112: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (112)

To a solution of the Compound (111) obtained in the 30 Example 111 in methanol was added 1.0 equivalent of sodium borohydride at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 2.5 hours at room temperature. Then, the solvent was removed and the obtained

residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column chromatography (ethyl acetate: hexane: methanol = 10:10:1) to give the above-mentioned compound (112) in 75% yield.

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Example 113: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (113)

The title compound (113) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 10 and cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 114: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-I1-(4-pyridylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (114)

The title compound (114) was obtained by the same manner

15 as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example

10 and 4-picolyl chloride.

Example 115: 4-((4-[((4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-acetyl](methyl)aminol-1-piperidino)methyl)benzoic acid (115)

20 A mixture solution of the compound obtained from the Compound (10) in the Example 10 and tert-butyl 4-(bromomethyl)benzoate by the same manner as the Example 28 in 6N-HCl solution was refluxed for 2 hours. Then, the solvent was removed to give the title compound (115).

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Example 116: 4-((4-[((4-Mmino-2,3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-acetyll(methyl)aminol-1-piperidino)methyl)benzamide (116)

The title compound (116) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 30 10 and 4-bromomethylbenzamide.

Example 117: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-(2-

- 46 -

hydroxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (117)

The title compound (117) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and 2-bromoethanol.

Example 118: 3-{4-[[(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-acetyl](methyl)amino]-1-piperidino)propionic acid (118)

The title compound (118) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 115 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example 10 and tert-butyl 3-bromopropionate.

Example 119: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-{1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl)acetamide (119)

The title compound (119) was obtained by the same manner

15 as the Example 28 from the Compound (10) obtained in the Example

10 and N-(2-bromoethyl)morpholine hydrochloride.

Example 120: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethyl-N-methylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (120)

The title compound (120) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (19) obtained in the Example 19 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 121: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-25 (cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylpropamide (121)

The title compound (121) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (20) obtained in the Example 20 and cyclopropylmethy bromide.

30 Example 122: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-I1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllpropamide (122)

The title compound (122) was obtained by the same manner

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as the Example 28 from the Compound (20) obtained in the Example 20 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 123: 2-(4-Amino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (123)

A mixture solution of the compound obtained from the Compound (21) in the Example 21 and phenethyl bromide by the same manner as the Example 28 in methylene chloride and trifluoroacetic acid (4:1) was stirred for 1 hour at 0 °C. Then, 10 the solvent was removed to give a residue, and the obtained residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column chromatography (methylene chloride: methanol = 10:1) to give the above-mentioned compound (123) in 60% yield.

Example 124: 2-(4-Dimethylamino-2.3.5.6-tetramethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (124)

The title compound (124) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (22) obtained in the Example 22 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 125: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(3-phenyl-2-(E)-propenyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (125)

The title compound (125) was obtained by the same manner
25 as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example
23 and cinnamyl bromide.

Example 126: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-tirmethylanilino)-N-[1-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxy)propyl-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (126)

The title compound (126) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 65 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23.

Example 127: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenyl-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (127)

The title compound (127) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and phenacyl bromide.

Example 128: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-(1-benzoyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-methylacetamide (128)

A mixture solution of 300 mg of the compound (23) obtained in the Example 23, $114 \ \mu \, 1$ of benzoyl chloride and $206 \ \mu \, 1$ of triethylamine in 5 ml of methylene chloride were stirred for 2 hoursat 0 °C. After the reaction, the solvent was removed and the obtained residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column chromatography (methylene chloride: ether = 1:1) to give the above-mentioned compound (128) in 668 yield.

Example 129: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-[1-[gyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyll-N-methylacetamide (129)

The title compound (129) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 130: 2-(3-Amino-2,4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-[phenylsulfonyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (130)

The title compound (130) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 128 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and benzenesulfonyl chloride.

30 Example 131: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-methylacetamide (131)

The title compound (131) was obtained by the same manner

as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and benzyl bromide.

Example 132: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-(1-butyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-methylacetamide (132)

The title compound (132) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and bromobutane.

Example 133: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-naphthyl)methyl-4-piperidinyllacetamide (133)

The title compound (133) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 23 and 2-(bromomethyl)naphthalene.

Example 134: 2-(3-Amino-2.4.6-trimethylan1lino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(3-trifluoromethylbanzoyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (134)

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The title compound (134) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 128 from the Compound (23) obtained in the Example 20 23 and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride.

Example 135: N-(1-benzoyl-4-piperidinyl)-2-(3-dimethylamino-2.4.6-trimethylanilino)-N-methylacetamide (135)

The title compound (135) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 128 from the Compound (24) obtained in the Example 24 and benzoyl chloride.

Example 136: 2-(2-Amino-4.5-dimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (136)

30 The title compound (136) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (25) obtained in the Example 25 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 137: 2-(2-Amino-4.5-dimethylanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl)-4-piperidinyllacetamide (137)

The title compound (137) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (25) obtained in the Example 25 and trans-2-phenyl-1-cyclopropylmethyl bromide.

Example 138: 2-(4-Amino-2.5-dichloroanilino)-N-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]acetamide (138)

The title compound (138) was obtained by the same manner as the Example 28 from the Compound (26) obtained in the Example 26 and phenethyl bromide.

Example 139: 2-(4-Amino-2.6-dichloroanilino)-N-[1-(2-anilino-2-oxyethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-methylacetamide (139)

A mixture solution of the compound obtained from the compound (27) in the Example 27 and N-phenyl-2-bromoacetamide by the same manner as the Example 28 and 5% platinum sulfided on carbon in methanol and tetrahydrofuran was stirred for 3.5 hours under 4 atm of hydrogen. Then, the catalyst was removed by Celite (trade name) filtration. The obtained residue was purified by amine-coated silica gel (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.; NH-DM1020) column chromatography (methylene chloride: methanol = 100:1) to give the above-mentioned compound (139) in 90% yield.

The physiochemical data of the compounds obtained by the above-mentioned examples are summarized in the following tables as Table I.

25

55	4	ω	Ν.	_	₹.
H-J,N Me	NH ₂ Me	H ₂ N Me	H ₂ M ₁	H ₂ N Me	Chemical Structure
foamy substance	foamy	foamy	oily substance	±	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
3394, 2953, 1654, 1484, 1417, 1320, 1225, 1090, 1052	1701, 1654, 1848, 1498, 1319, 1051, 929	3374, 2939, 1812, 1483, 1383, 1364, 1319, 1257, 1157, 1086, 1019, 804	3019, 2935, 1624, 1484, 1420, 1377, oily substance 1320, 1251, 1137, 1110, 1087, 1035, 846	HCl saft: KBr 3424, 2940, 2805, 1642, 1489, 1418, 1321, 1298, 1284, 1140, 1100	IR (CHCI ₃)
1.60-1.91(4H, m), 2.04(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.20(6H, each s), 2.61-2.84(2H, m), 2.91(3H, s), 3.12-3.56(4H, m), 3.83 & 4.63(1H, m), 4.34 & 4.38(2H, each s), 6.25 & 6.39 (1H, each s)	1.43-1.84(4H, m), 2.18(3H, s), 2.23(3H, s), 2.56-2.83 (2H, m), 2.79 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.05-3.21(2H, m), 3.39- 3.52 & 4.47-4.64(1H, m), 4.06-4.39(2H, bm), 4.50 & 4.53(2H, each s), 6.33(1H, s), 6.39(1H, s)	1.35-1.75(4H, m.), 1.55 & 1.56(6H, s.), 207, 209, 214 & 216(9H, each s.), 2.50-2.60 & 2.70-2.82(2H, m.), 2.95 & 3.13 (3H, each s.), 3.00-3.20(2H, m.), 3.20-3.45(2H, bre.), 4.55-4.85(1H, m.), 6.34 & 6.39(1H, each s.)	1.54(3H, d), 1.58-1.64(4H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.12 & 2.13(3H, each s), 2.17(3H, s), 2.56(1H, m), 2.72(1H, m), 2.82 & 2.87(3H, each s), 3.05-3.13(2H, m), 3.33(2H, brs), 4.56 & 4.55(1H, m), 4.76-4.86(1H, m), 6.46 & 6.51(1H, m), 6.	1.48-1.20(4H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.15 & 2.16(3H, each s), 2.17 & 2.20(3H, each s), 2.59-2.78(2H, m), 2.87 & 2.93 (3H, each s), 3.09-3.18(2H, m), 3.34(2H, brs), 3.90 & 4.48-4.64(1H, m), 4.56 & 4.61(2H, each s), 6.55 & 6.60 (1H, each s)	H-NMR (CDCI ₃)

10	9	80		1	T -
	-	 	 	6	8
12 N-16	H ₂ N Q E	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		H ₂ N OM6 H ₀	Chemical Structure
foamy substance	3020, 1629, 1436, 1380, colorless cryst, 1087, 1037	3448, 1628, 1486, 1438, oily eubetance 1174, 1036, 929, 849	3019, 1824 1466, 1438 oily substance 1169, 1137, 1031, 929	oily substance	m. p. (°C) (solvent)
3413, 2952, 1638, 1486, 1420, 1320, 1089	1466, 1320,	3448, 1628, 1513, 1486, 1438, 1319, 1174, 1036, 929, 849	3019, 1624, 1518, 1466, 1438, 1320, 1169, 1137, 1031, 929	3020, 1636, 1518, 1320, 1170, 1137, 1030, 929	IR (CHCl ₃)
1.37-1.79(4H, m), 2.12 & 2.14(6H, each s), 2.28(6H, s), 2.52-2.62 & 2.69-2.76(2H, m), 2.75 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.06-3.18(2H, m), 3.34-3.53 & 4.61(3H, m), 3.58 & 3.63 (2H, each s)	121(3H, m), 1.88-1.78(4H, m), 2.08(3H, s), 2.24(3H, s), 2.21(3H, s), 2.27(3H, s), 2.72(2H, m), 3.15(2H, m), 3.42(2H, m), 3.55(2H, brs), 4.16-4.18(1H, m), 4.45(2H, s)	1.05 & 1.14(3H, each t), 1.55-1.88(4H, m), 2.56-2.75(2H, m), 3.05(2H, m), 3.20 & 3.28(2H, each t), 3.68 & 3.72 (3H, each s), 3.84 & 4.26(1H, m), 4.53(2H, s), 6.41 & 6.45(1H, each s), 6.71 & 6.73(1H, each s)	1.13 & 1.22(3H, each t), d.87-1.88(4H, m), 2.69-2.71(2H, m), 3.12(2H, m), 3.32 & 3.39(2H, each q), 3.38 & 3.97 (H, m), 3.45(2H, brs), 3.77 & 3.79(3H, each s), 4.71(2H, s), 6.25-6.27(1H, m), 6.40 & 6.44(1H, m), 6.71(1H, m)	. 1.59-1.74(4H, m), 2.67-2.75(2H, m), 2.84 & 2.95 (3H, each e), 3.10-3.13(2H, m), 3.45(2H, bne), 3.77 & 3.79(3H, each e), 4.02 & 4.52(1H, m), 4.70 & 4.73(2H, each e), 6.27(1H, m), 6.41(1H, m), 6.72(1H, m)	'H-NMR (CDCI ₃)

ᄚ	4	13	12	=	No.
H _M N El	H ₂ N = 1			H. T.	Chemical Structure
foamy substance	foamy substance	foamy substance	foamy substance	foamy substance	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
3448, 2937, 1624, 1466, 1433, 1376, 1319, 1247, 1152, 1110	3448, 1654, 1636, 1466, 1438, 1320, 1117	3417, 2935, 1854, 1518, 1483, 1378, 1319, 1253, 1155, 1079, 1014, 954, 808	3020, 2935, 1670, 1522, 1484, 1320, 1107	3416, 2931, 1670, 1530, 1485, 1444, 1320, 1253, 1122	IR (CHCI ₃)
1.07-1.11(3H, m), 1.52 & 1.55(3H, each d), 1.48-1.77 (4H, m), 2.06(3H, s), 2.11 & 2.12(3H, each s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.45-2.76(2H, m), 2.98-3.51(6H, m), 4.14 & 4.38 (1H, m), 4.71 & 4.80(1H, each q), 6.50 & 6.53(1H, each s)	1.10-1.29(3H, m), 1.44-1.78(4H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.21(3H, each s), 2.54-2.77(2H, m), 3.06-3.18(2H, m), 3.23-3.51(4H, m), 3.89 & 4.39 (1H, m), 4.57 & 4.58(2H, each s), 6.55 & 6.60(1H, each s)	1.30-1.50(2H, m), 1.43(6H, s), 1.90-2.05(2H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.11(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.86-2.80 (2H, m), 3.05-3.15(2H, dr, 4-5.4Hz, 12.7Hz), 3.00-3.00(2H, brs), 3.85-4.00(1H, m), 6.56(1H, s), 6.90(1H, brs)	1.32-147(2H, m), 1.50(3H, d), 1.95(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.13(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.71-2.79 (2H, m), 3.10(2H, m), 3.39(2H, brs), 3.94(1H, m), 4.44(1H, q), 6.47(1H, s), 6.56(1H, brs)	1.30-1.44(2H, m), 1.92-2.02(2H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.67-2.78(2H, m), 3.07 (2H, dt), 3.38(2H, brs), 3.99(1H, m), 4.38(2H, s), 6.50(1H, s), 6.52-6.64(1H, brs)	H-NMR (CDCl ₃)

	N)	1	T	7	T	
	20	16	18	17	- i	Š
	H-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M-M	H ₂ N Me	NH.	O NH	H-1-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-	Chemical Structure
	oily substance	oily substance	foamy	3408, 1623, colorless cryst, 1320, 1089,	foamy substance	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
	3004, 2952, 1628, 1458, 1412, 1320, 1224, 1208, 1139, 1086	3224, 2944, 1632, 1472, 1412, 1371, 1328, 1159, 1100, 1059	3374, 1637, 1420, 1382, 1256, 1098	3408, 3018, 1668, 1623, 1534, 1417, 1320, 1108, 1089, 1045	3008, 2951, 1632, 1464, 1418, 1320, 1086, 1050, 1033	IR (CHCI ₃)
3.94(17, m)	120 & 1.28(3H, each d), 1.41-1.84(4H, m), 2.09 & 2.10(3H, each e), 2.11(3H, e), 2.23(3H, e), 2.52(3H, e), 2.52 & 2.73(2H, m), 2.69 & 2.77(3H, each e), 3.12(2H, m), 3.40(2H, bre), 2.64(4H, m), 3.40(2H, bre),	1.55(4H, m), 2.09(6H, s.), 2.29(6H, s.), 2.35 & 2.72-2.76 (2H, m), 2.72(3H, s), 2.94(3H, s), 3.04-3.13(2H, m), 3.51(2H, brs), 3.76 & 3.79(2H, each s), 4.58(1H, m)	1.12-1.26(3H, m), 1.55-1.82(4H, m), 2.12 & 2.14 (6H, each s), 2.29(6H, s), 2.47-2.79(2H, m), 3.08-3.24(2H, m), 3.19 & 3.37(2H, each q), 3.28-3.53 & 4.49(3H, m), 3.60 & 3.61(2H, each s)	1.45(2H, m), 1.99-203(2H, m), 2.08(3H, e), 2.20(3H, e), 2.24(3H, e), 2.14(2H, m), 3.10(2H, m), 3.58(2H, bre), 4.01(1H, m), 4.26(2H, e), 6.96(1H, bre)	1.51-1.76(4H, m), 2.08(3H, s), 2.24(3H, s), 2.26 (3H, s), 2.73-2.78(2H, m), 2.91 & 2.99(3H, each s), 3.14-3.16(2H, m), 3.55(2H, bra), 4.18 & 4.59(1H, m), 4.46(2H, s)	H-NMR (CDCI _t)

25	24	23	22	21	N.
NH ₂ Me	Ma - N - Me	NH2 N N N N	Me Ne Ne Ne	BoothN H O NH	Chemical Structure
foamy	foamy substance	foamy substance	oily substance	foamy substance	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
2944, 1641. 1582, 1408. 1288, 1243. 1154, 1107	3020, 2952, 1648, 1478, 1448, 1370, 1320, 1225, 1207, 1091	3020, 2101, 1654, 1648, 1482, 1438, 1407, 1225, 1207	2924, 2779, 1640, 1450, 1407, 1370, 1329, 1285, 1064	3020, 2400, 1718, 1664, 1522, 1482, 1368, 1319, 1227, 1205, 1162	IR (CHCl ₃)
1.63-1.81(4H, m), 2.13(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each s), 2.70-2.78(2H, m), 2.90 & 2.91(3H, each s), 3.16-3.22 (2H, m), 3.57 & 4.61(1H, m), 3.94 & 3.89(2H, each s), 8.43 & 6.44(1H, each s), 6.54(1H, s)	153-181(4H, m), 221(3H, s), 227(3H, s), 228(3H, s), 261 & 269-287(2H, m), 277 & 280(3H, each s), 281 (6H, s), 3.14(2H, m), 3.39 & 4.60(1H, m), 3.71 & 3.76 (2H, each s), 4.40-4.76(1H, brs), 6.78 & 6.79(1H, each s)	152-1.79(4H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.19(3H, each s), 2.24 & 2.25(3H, each s), 2.58 & 2.73(2H, m), 2.78 & 2.89 (3H, each s), 3.08-3.20(2H, m), 3.37 & 4.59(1H, m), 3.49(2H, brs), 3.68 & 3.73(2H, each s), 4.39-4.65(1H, brs), 4.74 & 6.75(1H, each s)	1.50-1.90(4H, m), 2.19(6H, a), 2.24(6H, a), 2.60-2.90(2H, m), 2.76 & 2.90 & 2.99(9H, each s), 3.10-3.20(2H, m), 3.38 & 4.59(1H, m), 3.67 & 3.71(2H, each s)	1.33-1.46(2H, m), 1.51(9H, a), 1.92-2.05(2H, m), 2.18(9H, a), 2.20(9H, a), 2.74(2H, dt), 3.08(2H, d), 3.49(2H, a), 3.50(1H, bra), 3.97(1H, m), 5.86(1H, bra), 6.99(1H, d)	H-NMR (CDCI ₃)

F	29 H	28	27	26	ĕ.
)=(**				L.
			O.W.	H _N N Q	Chemical Structure
	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 177–178 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cyrst. (HCl salt) 183–185 (EtOH/Et ₂ Ö)	foemy	foamy substance	m. p. (°C)
	coloriess cryst. (KBr. CDC ₅) 2938, (HCl salt) 1894, 1836, 1558, 177–178 1490, 1448, 1315, (EtOH/Et ₂ O) 1132, 1102, 948, 781	(KBr CDC) ₃) 3368, 2938, 1647, 1538, 1489, 1456, 1418, 1310, 1283, 1134, 1101, 754, 703	CHCl ₃ : free base 3257, 2950, 2802, 2731, 1654, 1587, 1522, 1435, 1378, 1310,	(HCl salt) CHCl ₃ : free base 1654, 1648, 1522, 1508, 1458, 1420, 1225, 1208, 929	IR (KBr):cm-
and	1.06-2.02(4H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.1782.20(6H, each s), 2.29-2.49(2H, m), 2.85-3.05(2H, m), 2.91 & 2.99 (3H, each s), 3.14(2H, m), 3.39(2H, brs), 3.9384.47(1H, m), 4.5884.82(2H, each s), 6.5586.59(1H, each s), 7.12(1H, m), 7.34(2H, m), 7.55(2H, d), 8.848.903(1H, brs)	HOI selt (in CD ₂ OD) 1.88-2.09(2H, m), 2.16-2.42(2H, m), 2.20(3H, s), 2.20(3H, s), 2.20(3H, s), 2.8983.02(3H, s), 3.07-3.23(4H, m), 3.26-3.41(2H, m), 3.67-3.84(2H, m), 4.68 & 4.96(2H, sech s), 4.218 & 4.96(1H, sech s), 4.218 & 4.96(2H, sech s), 4.218 &	1.70-1.73(2H, m)].78-1.88(2H, m), 2.72 & 2.81(2H, m), 2.90 & 2.86(2H, each s), 3.24-3.31(2H, m), 3.41-3.52 & 4.64(1H, m), 4.44-4.49(2H, m), 6.78(1H, m), 8.14(2H, s)	1.34-1.89(4H, m), 2.67 each s), 3.09-3.27(2H, 3.80 & 3.85(2H, each d (1H, each s), 6.82(1H,	H-NMR (CDC)

33	32	ಟ	బ	N _o
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst (HCI salt) 173-175 (MsOH/Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst. (HCl selt) 220–222 (MeOH/Et ₂ Ö)	colorless cryst. 3416, 2936 (HCl saft.) 1684, 1486 197-200 1283, 1113 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1093, 704	ے ج _ا	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
coloriess cryst. 3398, 2936, 1942, (HCl selt) 1486, 1417, 1390, 173-175 1309, 1286, 1215, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1113, 1034, 836	coloriess cryat. 3442, 2837, 1834, (HCl salt) 1538, 1486, 1456, 220-222 1284, 1112, 1034 (MoOH/Et ₂ Ö)	, 2690, , 1461,	2938 1600 1448 1074	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
1.54-1.63(3H, m), 1.84-1.96(2H, m), 2.23, 2.30 & 2.36 (9H, each s), 2.26-2.47(2H, m), 2.91 & 3.12(2H, s), 3.27- 3.46(2H, m), 3.77-3.86(2H, m), 4.44 & 4.61(1H, m), 4.73(2H, s), 5.17-5.36(1H, m), 6.65 & 6.66(1H, s), 7.57(1H, d), 7.67(1H, m), 7.84(1H, m), 7.99(1H, d), 8.14(1H, d), 8.44(1H, d)	1.53-1.63(3H, m), 1.82-1.94(2H, m), 2.16-2.39(2H, m), 2.21(6H, s), 2.22(3H, s), 2.30(3H, s), 2.31(6H, s), 2.30(3H, s), 2.31(6H, s), 2.86 & 3.98(3H, such a), 3.27-3.51(2H, m), 2.86 & 3.98(3H, such a), 3.27-3.51(2H, m), 4.27-4.46 & 4.58(3H, m), 5.14-5.24 & 5.33-5.43(1H, m), 6.55 & 6.69(1H, such s)		free base (in CDCl ₃) 1.38-1.97(7H, m), 2.07-2.31 & 2.36-2.49 (2H, m), 2.08 & 2.10(3H, each s), 2.13 & 2.14(3H, each s), 2.18(3H, a), 2.84-3.03(2H, m), 2.87 & 2.97(3H, each s), 3.10 & 3.13(2H, each s), 3.34(2H, brs), 4.19 & 4.48(1H, m), 4.76-4.87(1H, m), 4.48 & 6.51(1H, each s), 7.07-1.14(1H, m), 7.30-4.87(1H, m), 4.48 & 6.51(1H, each s), 7.07-1.14(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 7.49-8.67(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 7.49-8.67(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 8.02(1H, m), 7.30-7.37(2H, m), 8.02 & 9.02(1H, m), 9.02 & 9.02(1	¹ H-NMR (CD ₃ OD): HCI salt

	37	36	35	34	<u>₹</u>
		NATE OF THE OF T		100 May 100 Ma	Chemical Structure
٠	colorless cryst. (HCl selt) 233–235 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. 3441, 29; (HCl salt) 1670, 168 141-143 1409, 121 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 843, 785	pale yellow cryst (HCI salt) 153-155 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. 3415. 2936 (HCl selt) 1531. 1487 215-217 1284, 1133 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1104, 950	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
	coloriess cryst. 2924, 2916, 1651, (HCl selt) 1481, 1331, 1307, 233-235 1226, 1096, 1046 (MeOH/Et _Q O)	3441, 2972, 2731, 1670, 1613, 1476, 1409, 1217, 1045, 843, 765	3443, 2937, 1626, 1486, 1456, 1324, 1288, 1215, 1114, 1023, 754	Coloriess cryst. 4415, 2936, 1642, (HCI selt). 1531, 1487, 1481, 215-217. 1284, 1133, (MaOH/Ek ₂ O). 1104, 950	IR (KBr):em-1
	1.94-2.09(2H, m), 2.16-2.35(2H, m), 2.23(3H, s), 2.27(3H, s), 2.29(3H, s), 2.94(3H, s), 3.06-3,43 (6H, m), 3.68-3.83(2H, m), 4.54(2H, s), 4.64(1H, m), 7.00(1H, s), 7.22-7.39(5H, m)	202-224(2H, m), 1/3-1/83(2H, m) 202-224(2H, m), 215 & 2.16(3H, each s), 220 & 221 (3H, each s), 226-242(2H, m), 215 & 2.92(3H, each s), 226-242(2H, m), 360-3,19(2H, m), 451 & 452(2H, each s), 455(2H, s), 654(1H, s), 841(1H, s), 756(1H, dd), 7.67(1H, d), 802(1H, m), 8.73(1H, m)	1.53-1.60(3H, m), 1.73-1.90(2H, m), 2.11-2.39(2H, m), 2.22(3H, a), 2.28(3H, a), 2.25(3H, a), 2.86 & 3.07(3H, each a), 2.90-3.15(2H, m), 3.45-3.54(2H, m), 418-4.27 & 4.42-4.58(1H, m), 4.45 & 4.52(2H, each a), 5.18 & 5.29(1H, each a), 6.53 & 6.65(1H, each a), 7.53-3.67(1H, 2.37)	1.91-2.10(2H, m 2.24(3H, s), 2.30 (3H, each s), 3.2 (1H, m), 4.27-4.4 6.74 & 6.85(1H, e	¹H-NMR (CD3OD): HCI saft

. 4	40	39	38	Š
	Haw He			Chemical Structure
oolorless cryst. (HCl salt) 172-174 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 173-175 (MeOH/Et ₂ Ö)	colorless cryst. 3356, 3194, (HCl salt.) 1691, 1634, 187–189 1486, 1397, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1224, 1096, 950, 880	colorless cryst. 3422, 294 (HCl salt) 1482, 141 163-165 1317, 115 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 753, 703	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
colorless cryst. 3415, 2958, 1690, (HCl salt) 1648, 1600, 1556, 172-174 1498, 1448, 1314, (MaOH/Æ _E O) 1264, 950, 763	colorless cryst. 3398, 2940, 2714, (HCl sait) 1649, 1493, 1456, 173–175 1421, 1107, 1088, (ΜαΟΗ/Εξ ₂ Ο) 951, 755, 704	ooloriess cryst. 3356, 3194, 2934, (HCl salt) 1691, 1634, 1533, 187-189 1486, 1397, 1304, (MaOH/Et _C O) 1224, 1096, 950, 880	coloriess cryst. 3422, 2940, 1622 (HCl salt) 1482, 1410, 1386, 163-165 1317, 1155, 1091, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 759, 703	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
free base (in CDCl ₂): 1.48-1.98(4H, m.), 2.12(9H, s.), 2.28 (9H, s.), 2.20-2.50(2H, m.), 2.80 & 2.94(3H, each s.), 3.00 (2H, m.), 3.12 & 3.15(2H, each s.), 3.32-3.54 & 4.56(3H, m.), 3.00 & 3.53(2H, each s.), 7.09-7.15(1H, m.), 7.30-7.37(2H, m.), 7.49-7.59(2H, m.), 8.91 & 9.02(1H, bre)	free base (in CDCl ₂): 1.49-2.05(41, m), 2.08-2.32(21, m), 2.12(6H, s), 2.28(6H, s), 2.53-2.68(2H, m), 2.73-2.84 (2H, m), 2.75 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.02-3.14(2H, m), 3.28-3.54(2H, brs), 3.34 & 4.58(1H, m), 3.59 & 3.62 (2H, each s), 7.16-7.23(3H, m), 7.24-7.32(2H, m)	187-209(2H, m), 217-238(2H, m), 225(3H, s), 228(3H, s), 230(3H, s), 294(3H, s), 322-342(2H, m), 3.72-3.87(2H, m), 4.14(2H, s), 4.56(2H, s), 4.67 (1H, m), 6.94(1H, s), 7.07(1H, s), 7.57(1H, s)	1.63(6H, s), 1.81-1.92(2H, m), 2.11-2.36(2H, m), 2.20(3H, s), 2.29(3H, s), 2.30(3H, s), 2.88 & 3.10 (3H, each s), 2.98-3.24(4H, m), 3.27-3.38(2H, m), 3.60- 3.80(2H, m), 4.61 & 4.87-4.98(1H, m), 6.45 & 6.49 (1H, each s), 7.22-7.39(5H, m)	H-NMR (CD ₃ OD): HCl salt

- 5	4	\$	42	Š
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst (HCl selt) 178–180 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	pale yellow 3406, 283 cryst 1600, 148 (HCl salt) 1390, 130 174-176 1131, 101 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 946, 842	coloriess cryst. 3422, 3210, (HCl salt) 1643, 1520, 182-184 1464, 1414, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1132, 1104	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 178-180 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	m. p. (°C)
colorless cryat, 3414, 2950, 1890, (1890, (170) ask) 1645, 1881, 1540, 178-180 1488, 1463, 1289, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1132, 1101, 1019, 950, 783	3406, 2834, 1642, 1600, 1487, 1417, 1390, 1304, 1214, 1131, 1099, 946, 842	3422, 3210, 2950, 1643, 1520, 1489, 1484, 1414, 1132, 1104	2936 1801 1446 1092	IR (KBr):cm-1
1.89-1.99(4H, m), 2.11(3H, a), 2.16 & 2.20(6H, each s), 2.30-2.56(2H, m), 2.36(3H, s), 2.86 & 2.97(3H, each s), 2.93-3.07(2H, m), 3.18(2H, s), 3.36(2H, brs), 3.96 & 4.50(1H, m), 4.58 & 4.62(2H, s), 6.55 & 6.59(1H, each s), 7.12-7.23(2H, m), 7.98(1H, m), 8.21 & 9.31(1H, brs)	1.53-1.70(2H, m). 1.76-2.02(2H, m). 2.07-2.38 (2H, m). 2.10(3H, a). 2.14, 2.18 & 2.19(6H, esch s). 2.88 & 2.94(3H, esch s). 2.92-3.04(2H, m). 3.34(2H, brs). 3.83 & 3.84(2H, esch s). 3.88 & 4.50(1H, m). 4.56 & 4.61(2H, s). 6.54 & 6.59(1H, esch s). 7.52(1H, m). 7.80(1H, d). 7.70 (1H, m). 7.80(1H, d). 8.07(1H, m). 4.56 (4.41).			'H-NMR (CDC),

	49						48							47	i					46			T	Š
						17	0=	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	H ₂ N	-	, , ,	O=		Haw	-		H :-80	. (v - v - v - v - v - v - v - v - v - v		No.	-		Chemical Structure	
		(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 952, 764	178-180	(HCI salt)	colorless cryst			(MeOH/Et ₂ O)	172-174	(HCl salt)	colorless cryst		(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1101, 1034,	(14 611/2: 5)	(HCi salt)	2			(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 950, /65	186-188	(HCl salt)	colorless cryst	(solvent)	Properties m. p. (°C)
	-		1404, 1157, 1089,	1624, 1534, 1483,	colorless cryst. 3384, 2968, 1684,		952, 782	(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1156, 1092, 1016,	1464, 1404, 1292,	1616, 1582, 1540,	colorless cryst. 3402, 2944, 1695,	951, 778	1101, 1034,	1286, 1240, 1131,	1990, 1477, 1416,				950. /65	1292, 1131, 1101,	1846, 1534, 1488,	colorless cryst. 3416, 2964, 1684,	(HCl salt)	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹
the state of the s	&4.78(1H, m), 6.32 & 6.36(1H, each s), 7.07-7.13 & 7.20-7.27 (2H, m), 7.38(1H, d), 7.90-8.02(1H, m), 9.38 & 9.43(1H, hea)	2.90-3.09(2H, m), 3.14 & 3.20(2H, each s), 3.34(2H, brs), 4.36	(3H, each s), 2.35 & 2.55(2H, m), 2.84 & 3.13(3H, each s),	-1.88(2H, m), 2.07 & 2.08(3H, s), 2.10(3H, s), 2.14 & 2.17	1.38-1.73(2H, m), 1.45(9H, s), 1.55 & 1.56(6H, each s), 1.77	9.25 & 9.31(1H, brs)	6.32 & 6.37(1H, each s), 7.10-7.18(2H, m), 7.94-8.06(1H, m),	3.13 & 3.19(2H, each s), 3.34(2H, brs), 4.60 & 4.79(1H, m),	m). 2.34(3H, s). 2.87 & 3.16(3H, each s). 2.84-3.07(2H, m),	& 2.10(3H, each s), 2.15 & 2.16(3H, each s), 2.27-2.57(2H,	1.47-1.87(4H, m), 1.56(6H, s), 2.07 & 2.08(3H, each s), 2.09	7.03-7.17(3H, m), 8.54 & 8.64(1H, brs)	(1H, m), 4.58 & 4.62(2H, each s), 6.55 & 6.60(1H, each s),	3.04-3.16(2H, m), 3.20(2H, s), 3.36(2H, brs), 3.95 & 4.50	2.24(6H, s), 2.36-2.54(2H, m), 2.87 & 2.95(3H, each s),	1.67-1.98(4H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.16, 2.17 & 2.20(6H, each s),	9.35 & 9.42(1H, brs)	7.11(1H, m), 7.20-7.28(1H, m), 7.39(1H, m), 7.97(1H, d),	(1H, m), 4.57 & 4.62(2H, each s), 6.55 & 6.59(1H, each s),	2.99-3.09(2H, m), 3.20(2H, s), 3.35(2H, brs), 3.95 & 4.51	& 2.19(6H, each s), 2.39-2.61(2H, m), 2.85 & 2.93(3H, each s),	1.47(9H, s), 1.65-2.00(4H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.15, 2.17		1H-NMR (CDCL)

- S	52	51	50	Š
		HeW OWN EI		Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 169-171 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 172-173 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	Coloridess oryst 3418, 2975, 1646, 1556, 1646, 1556, 162-163 142-163 1447, 1404, 1404, 1178	colorless cryst. 2838, 2866 (HCl selt) 1837, 154 177–179 1401, 115 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 951, 775	Properties m. p. (°C)
colorless cryst. 3383, 2938, 2714, (HCl salt) 2592, 1646, 1486, 189-171 1456, 1418, 1325, (MeOH/Et _k O) 1285, 1134, 1104, 1031, 978. 942, 749	ooloriess cryst. 3416, 2970, 1684, (HCl salt) 1646, 1511, 1403, 172–173 1270, 1219, 1180, (iso-PrOH/ 1074, 1035, 853 Et ₂ O)	3418, 2975, 1690, 1646, 1556, 1511, 1447, 1404, 1354, 1267, 1178, 1072, 948	(Nucl saft) 2939, 2804, 1690, 1637, 1540, 1474, 1401, 1157, 1091, 951, 775	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹
1.47-226(8H, m), 2.09 & 2.10(3H, each s), 2.15, 2.17 & 2.19(6H, each s), 2.87 & 2.93(3H, each s), 3.00-3.22(4H, m), 3.30(2H, brs), 3.84 & 4.49(1H, m), 4.58 & 4.60(2H, each s), 6.16-6.36(1H, m), 6.44-6.65(2H, m), 7.16-7.40 (5H, m)	1.15 & 1.21(3H, each t), 1.71-1.92(4H, m), 221(6H, s), 2.29(3H, s), 2.45(2H, m), 3.08(2H, m), 3.21(2H, s), 3.30-3.50(2H, m), 3.78(1H, m), 3.79 & 3.80(3H, each s), 4.72(2H, brs), 6.51 & 6.55(1H, each s), 6.82(1H, s), 6.92(2H, s), 8.48 & 8.855(1H, brs)	1.20 & 1.28(3H, brs) 1.20 & 1.28(3H, t), 1.65-1.95(4H, m), 2.43(2H, m), 3.0/2CH, m), 3.16(2H, s), 3.30-3.50(2H, m), 3.78 & 3.51 (3H, each s), 3.97(H, m), 4.72(2H, s), 6.51 & 6.54(1H, each s), 6.81 & 6.83(1H, each s), 7.14(1H, t), 7.36(2H, m), 7.56(2H, m), 8.97 & 9.06(1H, brs)	147-1.89(4H, m), 1.55 (6H, each s), 2.14 & 2 2.18-2.34(1H, m), 2.50 2.94-3.17(2H, m), 3.15 4.58 & 4.79(1H, m), 6.3	H-NNB (CDC)

57	56	55	54	8
-t-y	7-5-X		++x+-	Chemical Structure
(HCI salt) 180–184 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 193–195 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCl salt) 188–190 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCl salt) 166–168 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	m. p. (°C) (solvent)
1445, 1400, 1186, 1138, 1020		colorless cryst. 3416, 3214, 2950, (HO) saib.) 1884, 1964, 1544, 1418, 199, 1457, 1418, (MaOH/EÉ ₂ O) 1223, 1303, 1285, 1132, 1102, 1030, 760, 700	3410 1480 1323 1244 1030	'IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
1.14 6 1.24/341, each 01, 1.14-1.188(41, m), 2.19(61); s), 2.27(314, s), 2.43(214, m), 3.07(214, m), 31(214, s), 331 & 3.40(214, each s), 4.65(214, brs), 3.78 & 3.79(314, each s), 4.01 & 4.16(114, m), 4.70 & 4.72(214, each s), 8.272 & 6.29 (114, m), 6.40 & 6.44(114, m), 6.71 & 6.73(114, each s), 6.20 & 6.90(214, s), 8.47 & 8.654(114, brs)	181-2336H, m), 210(3H, a), 215, 217 & 220(6H, each s), 287 & 2294(3H, each s), 3.03-3.13(2H, m), 3.81 & 3.83 (2H, each s), 3.82 & 451(1H, m), 457 & 4.61(2H, each s), 645 & 660(1H, each s), 7.46(2H, m), 7.57(1H, m), 7.98 (2H, m)	123-133(4H, m), 147-193(4H, m), 2,10(3H, s), 215 & 2,19(6H, each s), 224(1H, m), 2,33(1H, m), 2,82-2,93 (2H, m), 2,88 & 2,95(3H, s), 2,99 & 3,00(2H, each s), 3,35(2H, bra), 3,87 & 4,42(1H, m), 4,57 & 4,50(2H, each s), 6,54 & 5,5(1H, each s), 7,15-7,33(5H, m), 7,62 & 7,66(1H, bra)	064-0.77(2H, m), 0.79-0.94(2H, m), 1.44-1.82(4H, m), 1.92 -2.23(2H, m), 2.09 & 2.10(3H, each e), 2.14, 2.15 & 2.18(6H, each e), 2.54 & 2.55(2H, each e), 2.80 & 2.86(3H, each e), 2.80 & 2.86(3H, each e), 2.94-3.10(2H, m), 3.35(2H, bra), 3.72 & 4.38(1H, m), 4.54 & 4.57(2H, each e), 6.52 & 6.57(1H, each e), 7.17(1H, m), 7.23-7.37(4H, m)	' H-NMR (CDCI)

No. Chemical Structure Properties (HCl salt) (HCl						
Chemical Structure Properties In. p. (°C) (HCl salt) (HCl salt		61	. 6		58	8
7.6 23.6.6				One who	H-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Chemical Structure
7.6 23.6.6		rolorless cryst. (HCI salt) 190–192 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCl selt) 183–185 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCI salt) 201-203 (EtOH/MeCN)	brown cryst. (HCl selt) 226-228 (EtOH/MeCN)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
¹ H-NMR (CDC _b) 1.67-1.92(4H, m.) 2.18(6H, s.) 2.27(3H, s.) 2.45(2H, m.) 2.86 2.97(3H, each s.) 3.07(2H, m.) 3.18(2H, s.) 3.46(2H, brs.) 3.78 6.378(3H, each s.) 4.03 8.466(1H, m.) 4.71 8.4.74(2H, s.) 6.27 8.627(1H, each s.) 8.90(2H, s.) 8.47 8. 1.85(2(H, brs.) 3.72 8.6.74(1H, each s.) 8.90(2H, s.) 8.47 8. 1.89(2H, m.) 1.85(2H, m.) 2.42(2H, m.) 2.898 4.501 (3H, each s.) 2.97-301(2H, m.) 3.13(2H, s.) 3.45(2H, brs.) 3.78 8.380(3H, each s.) 4.01 8.4.43(1H, m.) 4.71 8.4.73 (2H, each s.) 2.97-301(2H, m.) 6.38 8.640(1H, m.) 8.72(1H, m.) 1.72(1H, s.) 7.36(2H, d.) 8.78 8.902(1H, brs.) 8.79 8.902(1H, brs.) 8.71 8.218(3H, each s.) 2.10(3H, s.) 2.12 8.2.14(3H, each s.) 8.21 8.218(3H, each s.) 3.02(2H, m.) 3.16'8 3.19 4.81 (H, each s.) 3.34(2H, brs.) 4.22 8.432(1H, m.) 4.79 8 4.83 (1H, each s.) 6.48 8.6.51(1H, each s.) 7.11(1H, m.) 7.19-7.27(1H, m.) 7.38(1H, ds.) 7.97(1H, d.) 8.38 8.94 (1H,brs.) 4.61 1.86(7H, m.) 2.10 8.2.11(3H, each s.) 2.25 2.3(6H, each s.) 2.25 2.30(2H, m.) 3.34(2H, brs.) 4.23 8.93(1H, m.) 4.35 4.84 8.87(1H, m.) 3.16 8.23 8.93(1H, m.) 3.15 2.30(2H, m.) 3.34(2H, brs.) 4.23 8.93(1H, m.) 3.15 2.30(2H, m.) 3.34(2H, brs.) 4.23 8.93(1H, m.) 3.15 3.41 8.80 8.23(3H, each s.) 2.25 8.23(6H, m.) 3.15 3.42 8.30(3H, each s.) 2.23 8.23(6H, m.) 3.15 3.44 8.80(1H, each s.) 6.48 8.65(1H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 3.15 3.44 8.80(1H, each s.) 6.46 8.65(1H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(1H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(1H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(2(H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(2(H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(2(H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43 3.44 8.80(1H, m.) 3.64 8.65(2(H, each s.) 7.05-7.15(3H, m.) 4.60 8.43	8				ω	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
	1.48-8.67(1H, m)	1.41-1.88(7H, m), 2.10 & 2.11(3H, aceh s), 2.13 & 2.41(3H, aceh s), 2.13 & 2.14(3H, aceh s), 2.13 & 2.14(3H, aceh s), 2.15 & 2.16(3H, aceh s), 2.25 & 2.23(6H, aceh s), 2.25-3.02(2H, m), 2.93 & 2.93(3H, aceh s), 2.93-3.12(2H, m), 3.15-2.02(2H, m), 3.34(2H, brs), 4.23 & 4.50(1H, m), 4.80 & 4.83	1.38-1.97(7H, m), 1.46(9H, a), 2.10(3H, a), 2.12 & 2.14(3H, each a), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each a), 2.36(1H, m), 2.47-2.57 (1H, m), 2.8 & 2.26(3H, each a), 3.02(2H, m), 3.16 % 3.19 (2H, each a), 3.34(2H, bm), 4.22 & 4.52(1H, m), 4.79 & 4.52(1H, each a), 3.64(2H, bm), 4.27 & 4.52(1H, m), 4.79 & 4.52(1H, each a), 3.64(1H, each a), 6.64(1H, each a), 7.15(1H, ea	1.88(2H, m), 1.85(2H, m), 2.42(2H, m), 2.89 & 3.01 (3H, each s), 2.97-3.01(2H, m), 3.13(2H, s), 3.45((2H, brs), 3.78 & 3.80(3H, each s), 4.01 & 4.43(1H, m), 4.71 & 4.73 (2H, each s), 6.27 & 6.29(1H, m), 6.39 & 6.40(1H, m), 6.32 & 6.40(1H, m), 6.3	1.67-1.92(41, m), 2.18(6H, a), 2.27(3H, a), 2.45(2H, m), 2.85 & 2.97(3H, each a), 3.07(2H, m), 3.18(2H, a), 3.46(2H, brs), 3.78 & 3.79(3H, each a), 4.02 & 4.46(1H, m), 4.71 & 4.71(4H, a), 6.27 & 6.29(1H, each d), 6.39 & 6.42 (1H, each d), 6.72 & 6.74(1H, each s), 6.90(2H, a), 8.47 & 8.52(1H, brs)	¹ H-NMR (CDCi ₃)

65	64	8	62	N _o
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 176–178 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 182–185 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 169–17! (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	pale yellow cryst. (HCl salt) 178-180 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
2, 2874. 7, 1598. 9, 1417. 4, 1137. 8, 757	3411, 3203, 2940, 2590, 1688, 1638, 1545, 1486, 1458, 1416, 1322, 1284, 1110, 1030, 760, 700	3411, 2937, 1648, 1605, 1486, 1460, 1417, 1323, 1285, 1243, 1115, 1032, 759, 700	pale yellow 3410, 2937, 2712, oryst 1838, 1487, 1452, (HCl salt) 1413, 1323, 1283, 178-180 1244, 1215, 1113, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1075, 976, 749	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl selt)
147-198(4H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.15, 2.16 & 2.20(6H, each s), 2.29-2.60(4H, m), 2.64-3.12(2H, m), 2.68 & 2.94 (3H, each s), 3.34(2H, brs), 3.88 & 4.49(1H, m), 3.98(2H, d), 4.02-4.12(1H, m), 4.57 & 4.61(2H, each s), 6.54 & 6.59 (1H, each s), 6.87-7.01(3H, m), 7.24-7.32(2H, m)	119-130(H, m), 147-190(H, m), 207-238(2H, m), 210 (3H, a), 212 & 213(3H, each s), 216 & 217(3H, each s), 215-290(2H, m), 283 & 293(3H, each s), 294-303(2H, m), 334(2H, brs), 415 & 442(1H, m), 473-486(1H, m), 645 & 650(1H, each s), 7.15-7.32(5H, m), 759 & 7.67 (1H, brs)	0.75-0.86(1H, m), 0.91-1.02(1H, m), 1.15-1.27(1H, m), 1.32-2.22(7H, m), 1.54(3H, t), 2.09(3H, s), 2.12 & 2.13(3H, each s), 2.14 & 2.16(3H, each s), 2.26-2.57(2H, m), 2.81 & 2.90(3H, each s), 2.96-2.16(2H, m), 3.32(2H, bra), 4.10 & 4.47(1H, m), 4.79(1H, m), 6.45 & 6.50(1H, each s), 7.03 (2H, m), 7.04-7.06(2H, m)	125-203(6H, m), 1.54(3H, t), 2.09(3H, s), 2.12 & 2.13(3H, each s), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each s), 2.82 & 2.92(3H, each s), 3.04(2H, m), 3.09-3.18(2H, m), 3.31(2H, brs), 4.11 & 4.50 (1H, m), 4.73-4.92(1H, m), 6.17-6.32(1H, m), 6.43-6.58 (2H, m), 7.22(1H, m), 7.30(2H, m), 7.37(2H, m)	H-NMR (CDCl ₃)

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	- 6	68	67	66	, S
					Chemical Structure
	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 184-186 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCl salt) 167–169 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst. 3982, 2938 (HCl salt) 1618, 1482 178-180 1156, 1096 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 950, 748	colorless cryst (HCl salt) 186–188 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
200, 100	colorless cryst. 3416, 3194, 2946, (HCl seit) 2590, 1688, 1630, 184-188 1548, 1482, 1480, (MeOH/E _{\$} O) 1403, 1321, 1156, 1092, 1029, 953, 750		2586, 1410, 978,	3392, 3214, 2590, 1672, 1556, 1487, 1461, 1415, 1286, 1131, 1103, 1031, 951, 700	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹
	1.18-1.32(4H, m), 1.37-1.84(10H, m), 2.03-2.20 & 2.34 (2H, m), 2.07(2H, s), 2.10(3H, s), 2.14(3H, s), 2.72-2.92 (2H, m), 2.86 & 2.85(2H, each s), 3.00 & 3.14(3H, each s), 3.34(2H, brs), 4.98 & 4.71(1H, m), 6.31 & 6.36(1H, each s), 7.15-7.32(5H, m), 7.61 & 7.86(1H, brs)		1371-167(2H, m), 1.56(6H, s), 1.73-1.86(2H, m), 1.88- 120(2H, m), 2.05 & 2.08(3H, s), 2.09(3H, s), 2.13 & 2.16(3H, each s), 2.85 & 3.13(3H, each s), 2.92-3.19(4H, m), 3.32(2H, brs), 4.59 & 4.70(1H, m), 6.17-6.35(1H, m), 6.33 & 6.38(1H, each s), 6.48 & 6.52(1H, each d), 7.22(1H,	2.10(2.10(11H, 3.00('H-NMR (CDCl ₃)

73	72	71	70	8
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 208-210 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl saft) 180–184 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 178–180 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 179–181 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
coloriess cryst. 1692, 1634, 1556, (HCl saft) 1500, 1448, 1411, 208-210 1317, 1106, 1050 (EtOH/Et _Q O)	1687, 1638, 1546, 1498, 1456, 1417, 1320, 1304, 1100, 1031	coloriess cryst. 3418, 2988, 2598, (HCl salt) 1693, 1629, 1600, 178-180 1556, 1490, 1448, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1316, 1236, 1131, 1032	3381 2568 1496 1104 766,	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl selt)
125-127(3H, m), 1.82-203(4H, m), 2.08(3H, s), 2.55(3H, s), 2.26(3H, s), 2.43(2H, m), 3.01(2H, m), 3.15(2H, s), 2.41-3.45(2H, m), 3.56(2H, brs), 4.23 (1H, m), 4.45(2H, s), 7.12(1H, t), 7.34(2H, t), 7.58 (2H, d), 9.01 & 9.08(1H, brs)	1.28(4H, m), 1.70-1.92(4H, m), 2.07(3H, a), 2.24(3H, a), 2.25(3H, a), 2.35(2H, m), 2.89(2H, m), 2.82(2H, a), 2.01(2H, a), 2.01(3H, a), 2.01(2H, a),	1.16-1.30(3H, m), 1.76(2H, m), 1.82-2.08(2H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.16 & 2.21(6H, sech s), 2.36(2H, m), 2.99 (2H, m), 3.13(2H, s), 3.25-3.51(4H, m), 3.92 & 4.15 (1H, m), 4.56 & 4.59(2H, sech s), 6.55 & 6.60(1H, sech s), 7.12(1H, t), 7.34(2H, t), 7.55(2H, m), 8.93 & 9.08(1H, bra)	(HCl salt in OD ₂ OD): 1.09-1.19(4H, m), 1.79-1.98(2H, m), 2.07-2.20(2H, m), 2.29, 2.31, 2.35 & 2.37(12H, each s), 2.85 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.01-3.25(2H, m), 3.50 & 3.51 (2H, each s), 3.55-3.68(2H, m), 3.93 & 4.57(1H, m), 4.21 & 4.44(2H, each s), 7.25-7.57(5H, m)	'H-NMR (CDCI _i)

	1				
	7	7.6	75	74	S
					Chemical Structure
	Pale yellow 3410, 2937, oryst. 1642, 1485, (HCl salt) 1431, 1377, 177-179 1285, 1215, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1112, 1028,	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 162–164 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCl selt) 173-174 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 170-172 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
970, 840	2592, 1460, 1323, 1132,	colorless cryst 3402, 2945, 2738, (HCl sait) 2558, 1643, 1584, 162-164: 1460, 1384, 1290, (MeOH/E ₂ O) 1112, 1072, 954, 754, 702	odoriess cryst. 3405, 3193, 2974 (HOI selt) 1695, 1623, 1556, 173-174 1489, 1448, 1315, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1259, 1215, 1109, 1030, 949	3406 1650 1324 1133 977,	IR (KBr): om-1
	1.05-1.16(3H, m), 1.33-2.28(8H, m), 1.52 & 1.55(3H, each d), 2.09(3H, s), 2.11 & 2.12(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.90-3.53 (8H, m), 3.11 & 3.15(2H, each d), 4.11 & 4.42(1H, m), 4.72 & 4.79(1H, each d), 6.25(1H, m), 6.43-6.62(2H, m), 7.23(1H, t), 7.27-7.40(4H, m)	1.08-124(3H, m), 1.59-202(4H, m), 2.05-2.23(2H, 1.08-124(3H, m), 1.59-2.02(4H, m), 2.05-2.23(2H, m), 2.12 & 2.14(6H, each e), 2.29(6H, e), 2.53-2.67(2H, m), 2.18(2H, m), 3.07(2H, m), 3.08 & 3.38(2H, each e), 3.27-3.57 & 4.49(3H, m), 3.61(2H, e), 7.15-7.34(5H, m)	115 & 1.16(3H, each t), 1.37-1.94(7H, m), 1.95-2.44(2H, m), 2.09(3H, e), 2.13(3H, e), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each e), 2.85-302(2H, m), 3.09 & 3.13(2H, each e), 3.20-3.52(4H, m), 4.05-4.24(1H, m), 4.73 & 4.80(1H, each e), 5.51 & 6.53 (1H, each e), 7.11(1H, t), 7.33(2H, t), 7.55(2H, m),	1.15 & 1.20(3H, m), 1.86–2.24(6H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.20(3H, esch s), 3.05(2H, m), 3.14 (2H, m), 3.25–3.43(4H, m), 3.42 & 3.83(1H, m), 4.58(2H, s), 6.28(1H, m), 6.51(1H, m), 6.54 & 6.60 (1H, esch s), 7.22(1H, t), 7.30(2H, t), 7.37(2H, d)	'H-NMR (CDCL)

<u>e</u>	80	79	78	8
	***************************************			Chemical Structure
	colorless cryst. (HCl salt)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 185–187 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	m. p. (°C)
	ooloriess cryat 3418, 2936, 2587, (HCl salt) 1654, 1522, 1480, 1312, 1156, 1094, 1945, 749, 695	coloriess cryst. 3442, 2941, 1884, (HCl selt) 1618, 1534, 1489, 1399, 1156, 1081	340 255 145 121 980,	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹
1.35-1.50(2H, m), 180-1.90(2H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.11(3H, s), 2.11(3H, s), 2.04-2.20(2H, m), 2.55(2H, s), 2.75-2.85(2H, m), 3.41(2H, bm), 3.79(1H, m), 6.54(1H, s), 6.33(1H, d), 7.16(1H, t), 7.25(2H, t), 7.32(2H, d)	1.42(6H s), 1.45-170(2H m), 195-210(2H m), 2.09(2H s), 2.11(3H s), 2.14(3H s), 2.15-2.30(2H, m), 2.85-2.95(2H m), 3.15(2H d), 3.42(2H brs), 3.87(1H m), 2.85-2.95(2H m), 3.15(2H d), 3.82(1H s), 6.91(1H s), 6.91(1H d), 6.91(1H s), 6.91(1H d), 6.91(1.56(6H, a), 1.40-1.75(2H, m), 1.75-1.95(2H, m), 2.06, 2.08, 2.09, 2.10, 2.14 & 2.16(9H, each s), 2.28 & 2.49 (2H, m), 2.86 & 2.88(2H, each s), 2.95 & 3.15(3H, s), 2.95-3.15(2H, m), 3.20-3.45(2H, m), 3.85-4.10(2H, m), 4.81 & 4.76(1H, m), 6.22 & 6.37(1H, s), 6.79(1H, s), 4.81 & 4.86(1H, s), 6.20 & 6.37(1H, s), 6.79(1H, s), 6.76(1H, s), 6.76(1	1.16(3H, m), 1.45-220(6H, m), 2.12 & 2.14(6H, each s), 2.28(6H, s), 3.05(2H, m), 3.10-3.23(2H, m), 3.27-3.63 & 4.50(4H, m), 3.37 & 3.48(2H, each q), 3.61(2H, s), 6.16-6.33(1H, m), 6.50 & 6.52(1H, each d), 7.22(1H, t), 7.37(2H, d),	1H-NMR (CDCl _b)

85		T	T	_
55	84	8	82	Š
				Chemical Structure
coloriess cryst. (HCl salt) 178-181 (McOH/Et ₂ O)	pale yellow cryst. (HCl salt) 232–235 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorlass cryst (HGI salt) 186–190 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt)	Properties m. p. (°C)
colorless cryst. 3402, 3247, 2946, (HCl sait) 2592, 1688, 1600, 178-181 1556, 1491, 1448, (McOH/Et ₂ O) 1315, 1128, 949	3424, 3193, 2938, 2806, 2594, 1680, 1590, 1552, 1486, 1153, 1118	coloriess cryat. 3424, 2936, 2495, [HCl sait) 1884, 1801, 1556, 186–190, 1500, 1448, 1316, [EtOH/Et ₂ O)] 1148, 1116	L 3360, 2968, 2607, 1687, 1654, 1560, 1534, 1500, 1448, 1346, 1157, 1098, 950, 762, 692	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹
148-1.66(2H, m.), 2.00-2.05(2H, m.), 2.13(3H, s.), 2.16(3H, s.), 2.21(3H, s.), 2.38-2.57(2H, m.), 2.86(2H, m.), 3.13(2H, s.), 3.41(2H, brs), 3.97(1H, m.), 4.38(2H, s.), 6.50(1H, s.), 6.50(1H, brs), 7.11(1H, t), 7.33(2H, m.), 7.58(2H, d.), 9.04(1H, brs)	141-151(2H, m), 1.50(3H, d), 1.94(2H, m), 2.06-223(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.13(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.85(2H, m), 3.13(2H, d), 3.38(2H, brs), 3.96(1H, m), 4.44(1H, d), 6.24(1H, d), 6.48(1H, s), 6.50(1H, d), 6.54(1H, brs), 7.20-7.23(1H, m), 7.30(2H, t), 7.35-7.37 (2H, m)	1.45-1.53(2H, m), 1.51(3H, d), 2.00(2H, m), 2.13(3H, a), 2.14(3H, a), 2.21(3H, a), 2.44(2H, m), 2.83(2H, m), 3.11(2H, a), 3.41(2H, bra), 3.90(1H, m), 4.45(1H, q), 6.48(1H, a), 6.57 & 6.59(1H, bra), 7.10 (1H, t), 7.33(2H, t), 7.55(2H, d), 9.04(1H, bra)	1.44(8H, s), 1.45-1.70(2H, m), 2.00-2.25(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.12(3H, s), 2.17(3H, s), 2.40-2.55(2H, m), 2.80-3.05(2H, m), 3.13(2H, s), 3.35-3.55(2H, brs), 3.85-4.00(1H, m), 6.55(1H, s), 6.92(1H, d), 7.10 (1H, t), 7.33(2H, t), 7.55(2H, d)	'H-NMR (CDCL)

Г						Т						T	_		_			$\overline{}$		_		_	-	-
1			89	_		1			8			1			/8	_				8	8		8	
			NH;					0= N	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	#.M.				0:		D	±		0= \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		# _M *		Chemical Structure	
		(MeOH/Et ₂ O)	183-186	(HCl saft)	colorless cryst.			(MeOH/Et ₂ O)		(HC' salt)	colorless cryst.			(MeUH/Et ₂ U)	184-184	(HCI salt)	colorless cryst		(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 976. 942	196-199	cryst	pale yellow	m. p. (°C) (solvent)	D
		(MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1285, 1132, 1100					1028, 943		1460, 1432, 1296,	2563, 1646, 1581,	3403, 2944, 2728,	each q), 6.48 &	1112, 1027	1215,		1642, 1485, 1461,	colorless cryst 3404, 2936, 2579,		976. 942	1238 1214 1120	1662, 1547, 1486,	3326, 2934, 2518,	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)	
8.3/(1H, each s), 9.56 & 9.64(1H, brs)	(2H, each s), 6.55 & 6.59(1H, each s), 6.81(1H, s), 8.36 &	3.36(2H, brs), 3.94 & 4.51(1H, m), 3.99(2H, brs), 4.58 & 4.61	2.95(3H, each s), 2.92-3.03(2H, m), 3.15 & 3.18(2H, each s),	(3H, s), 2.16 & 2.20(6H, each s), 2.33-2.55(2H, m), 2.88 &	1.65-1.77(2H, m), 1.78-1.90(1H, m), 1.90-2.03(1H, m), 2.10	7.23-7.36(4H, m)	3.34-3.65(2H, brs), 3.57(2H, s), 7.13-7.22(1H, m),	3.05(2H, m), 3.11 & 3.30(2H, each q), 3.24 & 4.37(1H, m),	s), 2.24 & 2.27(6H, each s), 2.52 & 2.56(2H, each s), 2.96-	2563, 1646, 1581, 1.44-1.76, 1.81-1.92 & 1.97-2.30(6H, m), 2.12 & 2.14(6H, each	colorless cryst. 3403, 2944, 2728, 0.66-0.76 & 0.82-0.88(4H, m), 1.06-1.16(3H, m),	each q), 6.48 & 6.50(1H, each s), 7.13-7.20(1H, m), 7.22-7.38(4H, m)	m), 3.09-3.55(4H, m), 3.98 & 4.29(1H, m), 4.69 & 4.76(1H,	each s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.51 & 2.55(2H, each s), 2.87-3.05(2H,	1.97-2.23(1H, m), 2.08 & 2.09(3H, each s), 2.10 & 2.11(3H,	1.44-1.77(2H, m), 1.50 & 1.52(3H, each d), 1.82-1.91(2H, m),	0.64-0.74 & 0.81-0.90(4H, m), 1.06(3H, m), 1.19-1.28(1H, m),	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1.30(2H, s), 6.26(1H, dt), 6.47–6.63(2H, m), 6.49	(2H, m), 3.15(2H, d), 3.39(2H, brs), 3.93(1H, m),	m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.17(3H, s), 2.78-2.99	1.46-1.75(2H, m), 1.94-2.03(2H, m), 2.09-2.25(2H	'H-NMR (CDCl _d).	

		T		
8	92	91	8	8
				Chemical Structure
oolorless cryst. 3208, 2972 (HCl salt) 1549, 1520 193-197 1412, 132) (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1104, 852	pale brown cryst. (HCl salt) 213–219 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst (HCl salt) 221-224 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 172-175 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
. 1632 . 1463, d,	3424, 2948, 1692, 1634, 1534, 1497, 1456, 1398, 1319, 1304, 1101, 1048, 950	oolorless cryst. 3258, 1637, 1601, (HCl salt) 1556, 1500, 1448, 221-224 1408, 1315, 1106, (MaOH/EE ₄ O) 953, 756, 694	13416, 2939, 2800, 1634, 1486, 1416, 1323, 1112, 1028, 763, 704	≅
1.24(3H, m), 1.85-2.03(4H, m), 2.07(3H, s), 2.21(6H, s), 2.25(3H, s), 2.26(3H, s), 2.45(2H, m), 3.03(2H, m), 3.16(2H, s), 3.39 & 3.44(2H, m), 3.36(2H, ba), 4.25 (1H, m), 4.46(2H, s), 4.70(1H, s), 6.62(1H, s), 7.61 (1H, s), 8.88 & 8.85((1H, ba))	1.73-184(4H, m), 2.08(3H, s), 2.25(6H, s), 2.49(2H, m), 2.92 & 3.03(3H, each s), 2.99-3.03(2H, m), 3.16(2H, s), 3.55(2H, brs), 3.99(2H, brs), 4.27 & 4.55(1H, m), 4.47 (2H, s), 6.81(1H, s), 8.38(1H, s), 9.93 & 9.86(1H, brs)	283 & 648 (I.H. each a), 714-721(IH, m), 723-732(4H, m) 1.69(2H, m), 2.09(2H, s), 2.09-2.10(2H, m), 2.22(3H, s), 2.25(3H, s), 2.49(2H, m), 2.91(2H, m), 2.15(2H, s), 3.59(2H, bra), 4.01(IH, m), 4.27(2H, s), 7.00(IH, bra), 7.11(IH, t), 7.34(2H, t), 7.57(2H, d), 9.09(IH, brs)		1H-NMR (CDCI _d) .

97	96	95	94	S _O
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 208-211 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 175–178 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl sait) 178–180 (MeOl:/Et ₂ O)	adioriess cryst. 3402, 2944, (HCI sait) 2554, 1643, 178-181 1426, 1391 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1290, 1073	Properties m. p. (°C)
ooloriess cryst. 2944, 2506, 1663, (HCl sait) 1588, 1545, 1487, 208–211 1456, 1314, 1282, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1239, 1214, 1129	coloriess cryst. 3402, 2944, 2592. (HCl salt) 1672, 1590, 1545, 175–178 1497, 1490, 1325, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1286, 1241, 1132, 1027	coloriess cryst. 3416, 2943, 1872, (HCl saft) 1544, 1486, 1486, 1486, 178-189, 1390, 1328, 1284, (MoOl:/Et ₂ O) 1240, 1215, 1128, 951	3402 2554 1426 1290	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
1.46-1.63(2H, m), 1.94-2.03(2H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.23(2H, m), 2.59(2H, m), 2.79(2H, m), 2.89(2H, m), 3.39(2H, bre), 3.83(1H, m), 4.37(2H, s), 6.49(1H, s), 6.59(1H, bre), 7.16-7.22(3H, m), 7.24-7.34(2H, m)	0.71(2H, m), 0.55(2H, m), 1.4(2H, m), 1.75-1.90(2H, m), 2.07-2.22(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.14(3H, s), 2.16 (3H, s), 2.55(2H, s), 2.82(2H, m), 3.38(2H, brs), 3.94 (1H, m), 4.33(2H, s), 6.47(1H, s), 6.50(1H, brs), 7.16 (1H, t), 7.22-7.28(2H, m), 7.29-7.34(2H, m)	0.77-0.86, 0.92-1.00 & 1.16-1.28(2H m), 1.49-1.63 (2H, m), 1.67(1H, m), 1.92-2.02(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.17(3H, s), 2.09-2.27(2H, m), 2.36(1H, dd), 2.50(1H, dd), 2.92(2H, m), 3.38(2H, brs), 3.91(1H, m), 4.36(2H, s), 6.46(1H, s), 6.56(1H, brs), 7.04(2H, d), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H, brs), 7.04(2H, d), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H, brs), 7.04(2H, d), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H, brs), 7.04(2H, s), 7.14(1H, s), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H, s), 7.14(2H, s), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H, s), 7.16(1H, s), 7.14(1H, s), 7.16(1H,	0.77-0.86, 0.92-1.01 & 1.10-1.28(3H, m), 1.14 & 1.16(3H, each t), 1.42-2.02(5H, m), 2.04-2.42(3H, m), 2.12 & 2.14 (6H, each s), 2.24 & 2.28(6H, each s), 2.50 & 2.53(1H, each d), 3.04-3.16(2H, m), 3.18 & 3.36(2H, each d), 3.23-3.52 (2H, bes), 3.29 & 4.46(1H, m), 3.60(2H, s), 7.01-7.07(2H, m), 7.14(1H, t), 7.20-7.28(2H, m)	"H-NMR (CDCl ₂)

				
01	8	99	88	Š
				Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 200–203 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt)	colorless cryst (HCl salt)	colorless cryst (HCI satt)	Properties m. p. (°C)
coloriess cryst. 3419, 2842, 2580, (HCl sah) 1691, 1666, 1592, 200-203 1487, 1459, 1428, (EtOH/Æt ₂ O) 1152, 1118, 1040, 760, 701	(HCl salt) 1534, 1482, 1157, 1091, 953, 764	Oloriess cryst. 3416, 2934, 2586, OHCl ealt) 1654, 1522, 1477, 1155, 1094, 700	oblidess cryst. 3417, 2932, 1692 (HCl saft) 1534, 1477, 1157, 1095, 953, 774	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹
0.70, 0.84 & 1.35(8H, m), 1.47(3H, d), 1.80(2H, m), 2.05-2.16(2H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.12(3H, s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.52(2H, s), 2.75-2.83(2H, m), 3.37(2H, hps), 3.76 (1H, m), 4.40(1H, q), 6.45(1H, s), 6.45-6.47(1H, brs), 7.17(1H, t), 7.22-7.28(2H, m), 7.30-7.32(2H, m)	1.73 d. 1.04(2H, d), 7.13(H, t), 7.20-7.31(2H, m), 1.95-2.10(2H, m), 2.10 & 2.12(6H, s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.45-2.65(2H, m), 2.06 & 2.12(6H, s), 2.16(3H, s), 2.45-2.65(2H, m), 2.65-3.00(2H, m), 3.19(2H, s), 3.35-3.50(2H, bn), 3.85-4.00(1H, m), 6.56(1H, s), 6.93(1H, d), 7.11(1H, t), 7.20-7.30(1H, m), 7.38(1H, d), 7.95(1H, d), 9.36(1H, brie)	0.78-0.85(1H, m), 0.93-0.98(1H, m), 1.18-1.28(1H, m), 1.41 (3H, s), 1.42(3H, s), 1.45-1.83(2H, m), 1.67(1H, m), 1.92- 2.02(2H, m), 2.09(3H, s), 2.10(3H, s), 2.14(3H, s), 2.15- 2.28(2H, m), 2.37(1H, dd), 2.50(1H, dd), 2.58-3.05(2H, m), 3.35-3.50(2H, brs), 3.84(1H, m), 6.56(1H, s), 6.89	1.43(6H, s), 1.45-1.70 2.10(3H, s), 2.12(3H, 2.53(2H, m), 2.90-3.06 brs), 3.93(1H, m), 6.55 m), 8.61(1H, brs)	H-NMR (CDC),

	105	104	103	102	Š
	H ₂ N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Thomas of the state of the stat			Chemical Structure
	coloriess cryst. (HCl selt) 178–180 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 180–183 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 143–147 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst. 3418, 1684 (HCl saft) 1498, 1498 190-194 1324, 1149 (EtOH/Et ₂ O) 1030, 958	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
	coloriesa crystl 3417, 2944, 2582, (HCl sait) 1684, 1595, 1496, 178-180 1418, 1371, 1321, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1285, 1142, 1129, 1103, 1033	coloriess cryst. 3402, 3217, 2945, (HOI sait) 1880, 1540, 1487, 180–183 1458, 1324, 1283, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1127, 1030, 956	2938, 1634, 1599, 1492, 1417, 1114, 1040, 759, 694	coloriess cryst. 3418, 1884, 1541, (HCl salt) 1498, 1496, 1496, 1490, 190–194 1224, 1149, 1116, (EIOH/Et ₂ O) 1030, 956	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
***************************************	1.46-1.82(2H, m), 1.70-1.95(2H, m), 201-2.22(2H, m), 208(3H, s), 2.14(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.76-3.01(2H, m), 2.83 & 2.90(3H, each s), 2.92(2H, s), 3.27(3H, s), 3.33 (2H, tm), 4.54 & 4.56(2H, each s), 5.28 & 5.56(1H, each s), 7.19(2H, t), 7.29-7.37(1H, m), 7.41(7H, s)	1.25, 1.28, 1.46-1.64 & 1.53-2.03(BH, m), 2.12(3H, e), 2.15(3H, s), 2.19(3H, s), 2.36(2H, m), 2.73(2H, m), 2.96(2H, s), 3.40(2H, bre), 3.92(1H, m), 4.36(2H, e), 6.49(1H, s), 6.57(1H, bre), 7.14-7.22(1H, m), 7.23-7.32(4H, m), 7.89(1H, bre)	1.54(3H, d), 1.59-1.88(4H, m), 2.10(3H, s), 2.13 & 2.14 (3H, each s), 2.17(9H, s), 2.24(2H, m), 2.53(2H, m), 2.83 & 2.92(3H, each s), 3.06(2H, m), 3.34(2H, brs), 3.97(2H, d), 4.03-4.06(1H, m), 4.15 & 4.47-4.53(1H, m), 4.77-4.85 (1H, m), 645 & 6.51(1H, each s), 6.91-6.97(3H, m), 7.26-7.31(2H, m)	121-130(44, m), 1,41-155(2H, m), 150(3H, d), 194(2H, m), 2,12(3H, s), 2,14(3H, s), 2,19(3H, s), 2,33(2H, m), 2,65-2,73(2H, m), 2,97(2H, s), 3,40(2H, brs), 3,85(1H, m), 4,43(1H, q), 6,46(1H, s), 6,53 (1H, brs), 7,18-7,31(5H, m), 7,67(1H, brs)	'H-NMR (CDCL)

109	108	107	106	<u>2</u>
				Chemical Structure
foamy substance (HCl salt)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 176–178 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst. 3426, 2943, (HCl salt.) 1619, 1552, 1486, 1411, 1089, 872	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 173-176 (iso-PrOH/ Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
2585, 1720, 1650, 1498, 1456, 1422, 1396, 1201, 1007, 949, 799	coloriess cryst. 3417, 2934, 1968, (HCl selt) 1595, 1544, 1496, 176–178 1454, 1372, 1285, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1240, 1129, 961	3426, 2943, 1684, 1619, 1552, 1518, 1486, 1411, 1157, 1089, 872	342 154 138	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹
HCl salt in DMSO-d, & CDOg.: 1.78(2H, m), 2.08-2.44(2H, m), 2.14(9H, s), 2.28(9H, s), 2.17-3.04(2H, m), 2.81 & 2.90 (3H, each s), 3.25(1H, dd), 3.44-3.89(2H, m), 3.77-3.90 (1H, m), 3.82(2H, s), 4.26(1H, dd), 4.72(1H, m), 7.32 (5H, m)	145-145(2H, m), 184-193(2H, m), 2,08-2,23(2H, m), 2,11(3H, s), 2,15(3H, s), 2,16(3H, s), 2,71(2H, m), 2,82(2H, s), 3,27(3H, s), 3,39(2H, brs), 3,85(1H, m), 4,34(2H, s), 6,86(1H, s), 6,53(1H, brs), 7,18(2H, d), 7,30-7,37(1H, m), 7,41(2H, m)	1.40-1.88(4H, m.), 1.56 & 1.57(6H, each s.), 2.00-2.22(1H, m.), 2.07, 2.08, 2.10, 2.15 & 2.17(15H, each s.), 2.47(1H, t.), 2.86 & 3.14(3H, each s.), 2.85-3.10(2H, m.), 3.10 & 3.16(2H, each s.), 3.34(2H, brs.), 4.57 & 4.77(1H, m.), 5.35(1H, brs.), 6.32 & 6.37(1H, each s.), 6.35(1H, s.), 7.48 & 7.50(1H, each s.), 8.57(1H, t.), 2.86(1H, t.	0.81, 0.95 & 1.20(3H, m), 1.50(3H, d), 1.58(2H, m), 1.86(1H, m), 1.92(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.12 & 2.13(3H, s), 2.17(3H, s), 2.19(2H, m), 2.33-2.37(1H, m), 2.46-2.51 (1H, m), 2.90(2H, m), 3.38(2H, be), 3.83(1H, m), 4.44 (1H, q), 6.47(1H, s), 6.52(1H, m), 7.03(2H, d), 7.13 (1H, t), 7.21-7.26(2H, m) (1H, t), 7.21-7.26(2H, m)	H-NMR (CDCl _t)

- 77.-

L	113	112	=	110	i <u>s</u>
	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	### ### ### ### ### ###			Chemical Structure
	white amorphous (HCI saft)	white cryst. (HCl sait) 188–190 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	pale yellow powder (HCl salt) 218-220 (EtOH/Et ₂ O)	white amorphous (HCl salt)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
	3418, 2948, 1647, 1458, 1420, 1311, 1280, 1202, 1100, 1064, 1031, 950	white cryst. 3418, 2947, 1850, (HCl salt) 1500, 1454, 1415, 188-190 1312, 1201, 1153, (M-OH/Et _k O) 1106, 1069, 1029	3426, 2940, 1692, 1651, 1597, 1450, 1392, 1307, 1263, 1233, 1153, 1109	1846, 1497, 1456, 1418, 1309, 1118, 1005, 945, 752, 704	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl saft)
	0.40(2H, m), 0.63(2H, m), 1.11(1H, m), 1.69 & 1.81(2H, d), 2.10-2.40(4H, m), 2.79 & 2.81(3H, each s), 3.15-3.80 (4H, m), 3.55(2H, t), 3.82 & 4.58(1H, m), 3.94 & 4.10 (2H, each s), 10.87(1H, brs)	1.71 & 1.83(2H, m), 2.18(6H, a), 2.22(6H, a), 2.18-2.23 (2H, m), 2.79 & 2.81(3H, each s), 3.09-3.19(4H, m), 3.72(2H, m), 3.80 & 4.08(2H, each s), 4.59(1H, m), 5.18(1H, m), 7.32-7.43(5H, m)	1.75 & 1.83(2H, m), 2.20(6H, s), 2.24(6H, s), 2.20-2.32 (2H, m), 2.81 & 2.84(3H, each s), 3.27-3.43(2H, m), 3.80(2H, m), 3.93 & 4.51(2H, m), 4.60(1H, m), 5.03 & 5.07(2H, each s), 7.63(2H, m), 8.00(2H, m)	1.67 & 1.78(2H, d), 2.10-2.50(16H, m), 2.77 & 2.80 (3H. esch s), 2.96(1H, m), 3.06(1H, m), 3.34(2H, m), 3.78 & 4.57(1H, m), 3.98 & 4.13(2H, esch s), 4.26(2H, m), 7.45(3H, m), 7.65(2H, m), 11.4 & 11.5(1H, s)	¹H-NMR (DMSO-d _g): HCl salt

	117	116	115	= 4	Š
0	H ₂ N ₁ N ₁ N ₁ N ₂ N ₃ N ₄ N ₄ N ₄ N ₅	H-5/4		A CANAL MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY	Chemical Structure
	white amorphous (HCI salt)	pale yellow solid (HCl salt)	pale yellow amorphous (HCl salt)	Pele yellow 3448, 183 cryst. 1508, 137 (HCl salt) 1263, 111 250 1070, 10 (MeOH/EtOH) 949, 798	Properties m. p. (°C)
	3397, 2851, 2748, 1648, 1584, 1460, 1422, 1310, 1155, 1080, 960	3412, 2937, 1652, 1568, 1422, 1394, 1308, 1118, 1104, 943, 869	1708, 1654, 1418, 1272, 1182, 1108, 1067, 1020, 1005, 944, 871, 755	3448, 1638, 1603, 1508, 1373, 1308, 1263, 1193, 1110, 1070, 1008, 949, 798	IR (KBr):em-1
	188 & 180(2H, d), 2.00-2.40(12H, m), 2.77 & 2.80 (3H, each s), 3.00-3.50(4H, m), 3.55(2H, d), 3.78(2H, q), 3.83 & 4.59(1H, m), 3.95 & 4.12(2H, each s), 10.47(1H, bre)	free base in CDCl ₃ : 1.50~2.20(81, m), 2.12(8H, s), 2.27 (8H, s), 2.75 & 2.90(3H, each s), 2.85~2.95(2H, m), 3.22 & 4.54(1H, m), 3.53(2H, d), 3.59(2H, d), 7.40(2H, t), 7.76(2H, d)	1.67 & 1.78(2H, d), 2.10-2.40(14H, m), 2.77 & 2.50(3H, each s), 2.90-3.10(1H, m), 3.10-3.30(1H, m), 3.30-3.50 (2H, m), 3.77 & 4.57(1H, m), 3.97 & 4.12(2H, each s), 4.30-4.80(2H, m), 7.77(2H, t), 7.90-8.10(2H, m), 11.42 & 11.52(1H, brs)	1.57 & 1.80(2H, d), 2.19 & 2.22(12H, s), 2.30-2.50(2H, m), 2.77 & 2.80(3H, each s), 2.90-3.30(2H, m), 3.42(2H, d), 3.82 & 4.59(1H, m), 3.92 & 4.08(2H, each s), 4.47 & 4.50(2H, each s), 11.95(1H, brs)	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d _e): HCl salt

121	120	119	118	Š
H-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Man of Man		H-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N-N	Chemical Structure
white amorphous (HCI salt)	white amorphous (HCl salt)	colorless cryst. 1646, 162 (HCl salt) 1456, 138 >240: 1277, 10 (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 980, 917	pale yellow amorphous (HCl salt)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
2942, 2710, 1656, 1642, 1462, 1453, 1416, 1311, 1250, 1075, 1033, 948	3424, 2940, 1652, 1456, 1366, 1298, 1245, 1160, 1105, 1066	1646, 1629, 1436, 1456, 1361, 1308, 1277, 1092, 960, 917	1730, 1659, 1643, 1581, 1496, 1424, 1378, 1312, 1221, 1071, 1035, 950, 866, 801	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
free base in CDCt; 0.09(2H, m), 0.51(2H, m), 0.85(1H, m), 1.20 & 1.27(3H, each d), 1.42-2.20(3H, m), 2.09(3H, s), 2.10(3H, s), 2.23(3H, s), 2.25(3H, s), 2.69 & 2.77(3H, each s), 2.98 & 3.11(2H, m), 3.19 & 4.48(1H, m), 3.10 & 4	1.63-1.73(2H, m), 211-233(2H, m), 221(6H, s), 224 (6H, s), 2.70 & 2.72(3H, each s), 2.76 & 2.79(3H, each s), 2.96-3.09(4H, m), 3.23(2H, m), 3.57(2H, m), 3.80(2H, s), 4.55(1H, m), 7.24-7.29(3H, m), 7.33-7.37(2H, m)	1.75 & 1.87(2H, d), 2.10-2.40(14H, m), 2.77 & 2.79 (3H, each s), 3.40-4.10(12H, m), 4.62(1H, m), 11.01 & 11.36(2H, s)	1.58 & 1.80(2H, d), 2.00-2.04(14H, m), 2.78 & 2.80 (3H, esch s), 2.55(2H, m), 2.98 & 3.17(2H, m), 3.23(2H, brs), 3.46(2H, brs), 3.83 & 4.56(1H, m), 4.03 & 4.20 (2H, esch s), 11.12(1H, brs)	¹H-NMR (DMSO-d _e): HCl saft

		T		
125	124	123	122	ĕ
2 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	Chemical Structure
colorless cryst. 2937, 2717. (HCl salt) 1577, 1489. 174-176 1334, 1306. (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1153, 1109. 978, 944	white amorphous (HCl salt)	white amorphous (HCl sait)	coloriess cryst. 2937, 2890, (HCl salt) 1493, 1456, 205-209 1247, 1072, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1031, 1015	Properties m. ρ. (°C) (solvent)
1646, 1451, 1284, 1029,	3443, 2959, 2716, 1652, 1456, 1364, 1313, 1283, 1162, 1018, 758, 705	376, 2936, 2714, 1675, 1560, 1456, 1316, 1282, 1252, 1142, 1115, 1067, 956	coloriess cryst. 2937, 2930, 1646, (HOI sait) 1493, 1456, 1314, 205-209 1247, 1072, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1031, 1015	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
1.42-2.06(8H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.25(3H, s), 2.77 & 2.90(3H, each s), 2.98-3.82(8H, m), 3.32 & 4.58 (1H, m), 3.69 & 3.72(2H, each s), 6.20-6.38(1H, m), 6.54 & 6.75(1H, each s), 7.20-7.28(1H, m), 7.35-7.42(2H, m)	1.80-210(4H, m), 2.10-230(2H, m), 2.19(8H, s), 2.24(6H, s), 2.50-2.70(2H, m), 2.70-2.80(2H, m), 2.76 & 2.80 & 2.90(9H, each s), 3.06 & 3.09(2H, d), 3.32 & 4.55(1H, m), 3.88 & 3.71(2H, each s)	1.48-1.54(2H, m), 1.97-2.06(2H, m), 2.11(6H, s), 2.19- 2.29(2H, m), 2.23(6H, s), 2.57-2.85(2H, m), 2.78-2.90 (2H, m), 2.93(2H, m), 3.45(2H, s), 3.49(2H, brs), 3.92 (1H, m), 7.17-7.33(5H, m)	1.21 & 1.28(3H, each d.), 1.45-1.98(4H, m.), 2.05-2.23 (2H, m.), 2.09(3H, s.), 2.11(3H, s.), 2.23(3H, s.), 2.25(2H, s.), 2.50-2.65(2H, m.), 2.70 & 2.78(3H, each s.), 2.72-2.92 (2H, m.), 3.05(2H, m.), 3.24 & 4.50(1H, m.), 3.40(2H, brs.), 3.94(1H, m.), 7.13-7.36(5H _t m.)	'H-NMR (CDCI _d)

129	128	127	126	Ş.
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	THE STATE OF THE S			Chemical Structure
coiorless cryst. (HCl salt) 173-175 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	coloriess cryst. 2936, 2573, (HCl salt) 1618, 1575, 166-168 1448, 1324, (MaOH/Et ₂ Ö) 1130, 1022	colorless cryst (HCl salt) 182–183 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst (HCI salt) 163-165 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
colorless cryst. 3424, 2593, 1638, (HCl salt) 1573, 1490, 1404, 173–175 1360, 1312, 1281, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1201, 1107. 1031, 948	coloriess cryst. 2936, 2573, 1646, (HCl salt) 1618, 1575, 1468, 166-168 1448, 1324, 1279, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1130, 1022, 788	coloriess cryat 3425, 2935, 2562, (HOI sait) 1683, 1648, 1597, 182–188 1481, 1394, (MaOH/Et ₄ O) 1306, 1262, 1232, 1107, 1078, 952, 759	2946 1599 1154 1042	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
002-0.17(2H, m), 0.45-0.56(2H, m), 0.85(1H, m), 1.46-1.82 (4H, m), 1.84-2.31(4H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.19(3H, s), 2.19(3H, s), 2.25 & 2.26(3H, each s), 2.76 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.07-3.21 (2H, m), 3.29 & 4.51(1H, m), 3.49(2H, brs), 3.68 & 3.72 (2H, each s), 4.37-4.61(1H, m), 6.74 & 6.75(1H, each s)	1.45-1.23(4H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each s), 2.23 & 2.25(3H, each s), 2.76 & 2.89(3H, each s), 3.14 (1H, m), 3.49(2H, brs), 3.56 & 4.79(1H, m), 3.71 & 3.75 (2H, each s), 3.89(1H, m), 4.49(1H, m), 4.85(1H, m), 5.74(1H, s), 7.41(5H, m)	1.38-2.35(8+, m), 2.12(3+, s), 2.19(3+, s), 2.24 & 2.25 (3H, each s), 2.77 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.03-3.15(2H, m), 3.34 & 4.57(1H, m), 3.38-3.62(2H, brs), 3.70 & 3.73(2H, each s), 3.94 & 3.85(2H, each s), 6.74 & 6.78(1H, each s), 7.47(2H, m), 7.58(1H, m), 7.90(2H, m)	147-2.35(6H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.19(3H, s), 2.24 & 2.25 (3H, each s), 2.28-2.44(2H, m), 2.77 & 2.90(3H, each s), 2.94-3.00(2H, m), 3.33 & 4.57(H, m), 3.49(2H, brs), 3.70 & 3.73(2H, each s), 3.98(2H, d), 4.03-4.18(1H, m), 6.74 & 6.76(1H, each s), 6.89-7.00(3H, m), 7.24-7.33 (2H, m)	"H-NIMR (CDCI ₃)

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	<u> </u>	132	33	130	<u>\$</u>
		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	NA PARTY NA	N. A. S.	Chemical Structure
	pale yellow cryst. (HCl salt) 186-189 (MaOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. (HCl salt) 172-174 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. 2937. (HCl salt) 1489. 176-178 1309. (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1031.	white amorphous (HCl salt)	m. p. (°C)
	2936, 2726, 1646, 1571, 1486, 1420, 1337, 1306, 1106, 1030, 942, 826	colorless cryat. 3444, 2938, 2878, (HCl selt) 1638, 1572, 1484, 172–174 1424, 1406, 1381, (MeOH/Ek _O O) 1317, 1202, 1094, 1015, 946	ooloriess cryst. 2937, 2727, 1648, (HCl salt) 1489, 1455, 1420, 176-178 1309, 1105, (MaOH/Et ₂ O) 1031, 946	293, 2852, 1656, 1948, 1584, 1486, 1447, 1333, 1307, 1167, 1094, 1024, 936, 740	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹
(IT, m), /.81(3H, m)	147-163(2H, m), 167-181(2H, m), 182-207(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.23 & 2.24(3H, sach s), 2.76 & 2.90(3H, sach s), 2.96(2H, m), 3.31 & 4.36-4.82(2H, m), 3.47(2H, brs), 3.95(2H, s), 3.98 & 3.71(2H, sach s), 6.73 & 6.74(1H, sach s), 7.42-7.52(3H, m), 7.73-7.80	0.91(3H, t), 1.23-1.38(2H, m), 1.40-1.51(2H, m), 1.64-1.95 (2H, m), 1.96-2.38(4H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.24 & 2.25(3H, each s), 2.75 & 2.86(3H, each s), 2.93- 3.06(2H, m), 3.28 & 4.39-4.58(2H, m), 3.49(2H, m), 3.89 & 3.72(2H, each s), 0.74 & 6.75(1H, each s)	1.48-228(8H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.23 & 2.24 (3H, each s), 2.75 & 2.28(3H, each s), 2.94(2H, m), 3.29 & 4.38-4.90(2H, m), 3.50(4H, m), 3.60 & 3.71(2H, each s), 6.73 & 6.75(1H, each s), 7.20-7.35(5H, m)	1.46-1.70(2H, m), 1.72-1.85(2H, m), 2.11(3H, s), 2.15(3H, s), 2.21(3H, s), 2.72 & 2.84(3H, each s), 3.38-3.54(2.5H, m), 3.59 & 3.57(2H, each s), 3.91(2H, m), 4.42(1.5H, m), 6.71 & 6.72(1H, each s), 7.55(2H, t), 7.53(1H, t), 7.70(2H, d)	H-NMR (CDC)

137	136	135	. 3	Š.
		Mo Mo		Chemical Structure
pale brown amorphous	pale brown amorphous	pale yellow cryst. (HCl salt) 156–158 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	colorless cryst. 2942. (HCl salt) 1488. 180-163 1273. (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1128.	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
3426, 2940, 1639, 1514, 1498, 1461, 1414, 1303, 1248, 1095, 1030	3426, 2940, 1654, 1514, 1454, 1415, 1390, 1310, 1246, 1221, 1101	3440, 2954, 1618, 1576, 1448, 1371, 1323, 1280, 1129, 1115, 1021, 790	coloriess cryst. 2942, 2818, 1634, (HCl selt) 1488, 1430, 1332, 160–163 1273, 1252, 1168, (MeOH/Et ₂ O) 1128, 1073, 1023, 816	IR (KBr):cm ⁻¹ (HCl salt)
HCl saft in DMSO-4; 1.09-1.17(2H, m), 1.45(IH, m), 1.69 & 1.89(2H, m), 2.17(3H, e), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, esch e) 2.42-2-40(3H, m), 2.78 & 2.82(3H, esch e), 3.05-3.17 (4H, m), 3.54(2H, m), 3.98 & 4.07(2H, esch e), 4.88(IH, m), 8.65 & 6.88(IH, esch e), 7.01(IH, e), 7.17(3H, m), 7.28(2H, m)	HOI salt in DMSO-4s: 1.71 & 1.90(2H, m), 2.09 & 2.11(3H, each s), 2.18(3H, s), 2.28(2H, m), 2.79 & 2.93(3H, each s), 307-3.17(4H, m), 3.26(2H, m), 3.57-3.83(2H, m), 3.97 & 4.08(2H, each s), 4.60(1H, m), 6.65 & 6.68(1H, each s), 7.27-7.35(5H, m)	1.44-1.84(4H, m), 2.21(3H, s), 2.26(3H, s), 2.27(3H, s), 2.72-2.93(2H, m), 2.78 & 2.79(3H, sech s), 2.81(9H, s) 3.13 & 4.57(1H, m), 3.40-3.64(2H, brs), 3.68-3.93(2H, m), 4.78(2H, m), 6.78(1H, s), 7.41(5H, brs)	1.45-1.88(4H, m), 2.12(3H, s), 2.17 & 2.18(3H, each e), 2.25(3H, e), 2.77 & 2.89(3H, each e), 3.17 & 4.47(1H, m), 3.38-3.85(4H, m), 3.71 & 3.75(2H, each e), 4.79(2H, m), 6.72 & 6.74(1H, each e), 7.59(2H, m), 7.68(2H, m)	H-NMR (CDCI ₃)

		139	=	7 >
	 	9	138	8
	Ŷ			Chemical Structure
	i	pale brown powder 178-181 (MeOH/ iso-Pr ₂ O)	pale yellow cryst. (HCl salt) 206-210 (MeOH/Et ₂ O)	Properties m. p. (°C) (solvent)
		3444, 2942, 2596, 1692, 1637, 1556, 1488, 1448, 1405, 1346, 1302, 1153,	3378, 2936, 2630, 1641, 1518, 1413, 1308, 1202, 1098, 1074, 755	IR (KBr): cm ⁻¹
		1.72 & 1.86(2H, m), 2.18(2H, m), 2.78 & 2.80(3H, each s), 3.29(2H, m), 3.59(2H, m), 4.08 & 4.16(4H, each s), 4.58 (1H, m), 7.08-7.15(3H, m), 7.38(2H, t), 7.82(2H, m)	1.57-1.97(2H, m), 2.20(2H, m), 2.78 & 2.90(3H, each s), 3.08(4H, m), 3.28(2H, m), 3.40-357 & 4.56(1H, m), 3.65(2H, m), 3.95 & 4.05(2H, each s), 6.79 & 6.84(1H, each s), 7.14 & 7.15(1H, each s), 7.21-7.41(5H, m), 10.43(1H, brs)	'H-NMR (DMSO-D _e): HCl salt

The effects, such as cytoprotective effect against glutamate induced cell death using neuron of cerebral cortex, calbindin D28Kd inducing effect by the western blot technique, and cerebral edema suppressing effect of aminophenoxyacetic acid 5 derivatives, of the formula (I) have been evaluated by following biological testing methods.

Biological test 1: Cytoprotective effet agaist glutamate induced cell death

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In accordance with the method of M. P. Mattoson (M. P. Mattoson, Brain Res. Rev., 13, 179 (1988)], brain of 18-days fetus rats of Wister strain were taken out. Then, cells of cerebral cortex (4 x 105 cells / ml) were seeded on poly-L-lysine coated 96 wells flat bottom plate (Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd.) in concentration of 4 x 10^4 cells / each well. After 48 hours of incubation, 1 $\mu\mathrm{M}$ of test compounds were added, then after further 24 hours, 1 mM of glutamate were further added for inducing the cell injury. 12 hours after adding glutamate, MTT [3-(4,5dimethylthiazol)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide] was added and 20 incubated for 6 hours.

After incubation, 200 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of dimethy sulfoxide was added each wells, and the amounts of reduced MTT colorimetrically analyzed by Micro ELISA Reader using 570 nm of main-wavelength and 650 nm of sub-wavelength.

25 The effect of the test compounds was determined as the survival rate of living cells (%) according to the following equation:

Survival rate of living cells (%) = 30 [(test compound group - glutamate treated group) ÷ (control group - glutamate treated group)] x 100

That is, the survival rate of living cells after incubation of the control group was converted to 100 %, and the survival rata of living cells of the tested compounds was shown in Table II.

Table II

5

Compound	Survival Rate	Compound	Survival Rate
No.	(Compound: 1 \(\mu \)	No.	(Compound: 1 \(\mu \)
38	114	94	198
40	108	95	61
41	86	96	91
42	131	97	119
44	93	· 98	120
45	190	99	151
46	101	100	138
48	207	101	138
49	193	102	89
50	54	103	180
53	144	104	117
60	60	105	86
61	58	106	151
62	63	107	227
65	73	109	76
. 66	60	110	61
67	69	111	84
68	75	112	76
69	68	113	74
70	88	114	50
71	89	116	59
74	87	119	115
75	96	120	88
76	106	121	82
77	111	124	86
78	96	125	52
79	79	126	47
80	. 99	127	72
81	97	128	81
			01

82	149	129	64
83	65	130	60
84	87	131	65
85	98	132	60
86	127	133	101
87	81	134	79
88	81	135	76
89	126	136	81
90	149	137	71
. 91	203	138	42
92	66	139	53
93	171		

Biological test 2: Calbindin D28Kd inducing effect

In accordance with the method of M. P. Mattoson [M. P. Mattoson, Brain Res. Rev., 13, 179 (1988)], brain of 18-days fetus rats of Wister strain were taken out. Then, cells of cerebral cortex (5,500 cells / mm²) were seeded on poly-L-lysine coated 6 wells plate (Falcon) (3.5 mm, Sumilon) and incubated for 7 days.

Test compounds were added on culture day 5, and after 7 days of incubation, the protein was extracted with homogenized buffer solution [containing 20 mM of Tris-HCl (pH=7.4), 1 mM of EDTA, and 0.1 mM of phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride].

The effect of the test compounds was determined by the western blot technique using polyclonal anti calbindine D28K (Swant Co., Ltd.) as antibody.

Table III shows the test results. In the table, the amount of induced calbindine D28Kd of the control group (none-treated group) was indicated as 100 percents.

Table III:

Compound No.	Amount of induced Calbindine D28Kd (% vs. control) (Compound: 1 \(\mu \) M)
29	122
40	150
111	167
128	171
Control	100

Biological test 3: Cerebral edema suppressing effect

8-week-old rats of slc: Wister strain were used. Rats

5 were anesthetized by intraperitoneal administration of 50 mg/kg

of Nembutal (Trade Name), and then, fixed on brain fixactor. The

sterile metal screw (3.75 mm in length / 1.0 mm in diameter /

0.75 mm in length of screw thread) was plugged in the 1.5mm right

and 0.8 mm rear side of the bregma to press frontparietal cortex

organ to cause brain injury.

6 days after the operation, the whole brain was taken out and right cerebral hemisphere (injured side) was isolated. After measurement of the wet weight of the cerebral hemisphere, it was dried at 110 °C for 24 hours on aluminum foil. The dry weight of the cerebral hemisphere was measured, and the water content was calculated by using the following formula:

Water content (%) = [(wet weight of hemisphere - dry weight of hemisphere) / wet weight of hemisphere] x 100

The test compounds were intravenously administered just after the operation via tail vein of the rats.

Table IV shows the test results.

Table IV:

Compound No.	Cerebral edema suppressing rate
(administration amount)	(%)
29 (3 mg/kg)	30.9
40 (1 mg/kg)	31.1
40 (3 mg/kg)	20.5
42 (1 mg/kg)	24.5
42 (3 mg/kg)	31.0
104 (3 mg/kg)	18.9
105 (3 mg/kg)	23.2
108 (3 mg/kg)	20.3
109 (3 mg/kg)	24.7
111 (3 mg/kg)	25.0
112 (3 mg/kg)	20.7
113 (3 mg/kg)	20.0
119 (1 mg/kg)	21.6
128 (3 mg/kg)	20.3
132 (1 mg/kg)	30.4
134 (1 mg/kg)	27.9
134 (3 mg/kg)	35.0

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

As described above, the present invention provides lower

5 molecular weight compounds, especially aminophenoxyacetic acid
derivatives of the formula (I), which is capable of inducing the
calbindin D28Kd, one of Ca²⁺-binding proteins, and can be easily
administrated. Since the induction of calbindin D28Kd caused by
the administration of the compound provided by the present

10 invention cause neuroprotective effect and cerebral functional
and organic disorder improving and treating effect, it can be
understood that the agent of the present invention is highly
applicable in pharmaceutical field.

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CLAIMS

 An aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative represented by the following formula (I):

$$R^{5} - E^{1} \longrightarrow R^{2} \qquad R^{6} \qquad R^{7} \qquad R^{8} \longrightarrow N - (CH_{2})_{n} - X - Y - Q \qquad (1)$$

wherein:

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25

R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom; halogen atom; hydroxy group; alkoxy group which may be substituted; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted;

R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted:

 E^1 is oxygen atom; sulfur atom; or group $-NR^9$ - (in which, R^9 is hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted);

 E^2 is oxygen atom; sulfur atom; or group $-NR^{10}$ - (in which R^{10} is hydrogen atom; alkyl group which may be substituted; aryl group which may be substituted; or aralkyl group which may be substituted);

n is 0 to 5 (provided that n=0, one of the groups of X and Y may be connecting bond but both of the groups of X and Y do not represent connecting bond at the same time);

X and Y are, independent from each other, connecting bond; alkylene group which may be substituted by hydroxyl group; cyclo-

alkylene group; alkenylene group which may be substituted by lower alkyl group; -NHCO-; -CONH- or -SO,-;

- Q is hydrogen atom; phenyl group which may be substituted; phenoxy group which may be substituted; benzoyl group which may be substituted; pyridyl group which may be substituted; quinolyl group which may be substituted; group which may be substituted; or benzimidazolyl group which may be substituted; (provided that both E¹ and E² do not represent oxygen atom or sulfur atom at the same time, and in the case of E¹ is nitrogen atom and E² is oxygen atom, or in the case of E¹ is oxygen atom and E² is nitrogen atom, all of the groups of R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ do not represent methyl group at the same time), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- The aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative of formula (I) claimed in claim 1, wherein R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are, independent from each other, hydrogen atom, halogen atom, alkoxy group; or alkyl group which may be substituted; R⁵ is hydrogen or alkyl group which may be substituted; E¹ is -NH-; and E² is oxygen atom, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
 - 3 The aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative of formula (I) claimed in claim 1, wherein E^1 is -NH-; E^2 is oxygen atom; X is connecting bond; Q is phenyl group which may be substituted, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
 - 4 The aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative of formula (I) claimed in claim 1, wherein E¹ and E² are -NH-; X and Y are connecting bond; Q is phenyl group which may be substituted, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
 - 5. Medicament containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof represented by the formula (I) claimed in claim 1, as an active ingredient.

- Medicament containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to any one of claims 2 to 4, as an active ingredient.
- Calbindin D28Kd, which is Ca²⁺-binding protein, inducer containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof represented by the formula (I) claimed in claim 1, as an active ingredient.
- 8. Calbindin D28Kd, which is Ca²⁺-binding protein, inducer containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to any one of claims 2 to 4, as an active ingredient.
- 9. A cerebral functional and organic function improving or therapeutic agent containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof represented by the formula (I) claimed in claim 1, as an active ingredient.
- 10. A cerebral functional and organic function improving or therapeutic agent containing aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to any one of claims 2 to 4, as an active ingredient.
 - A method for selecting neuroprotective compound based on the measurement of amounts of calbindin D28Kd induced thereby.
 - 12. Neuroprotevive compounds selected by the method according to claim 11.

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- Medicament containing neuroprotective compounds according to claim 12.
- 14. Medicamnet containing compounds having neuroprotective effect by inducing the calbindin D28Kd, which is Ca²⁺-binding protein.
- 15. The medicament according to claim 14 for treating or improving of functional disorders in the brain due to various ischemic disorders such as sequelae of cerebral infarction, sequelae of intracerebral hemorrhage, sequelae of cerebral arteriosclerosis and so on, as well as organic disorders in the brain such as senile dementia, sequelae of head trauma, sequelae of surgical brain operation, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and so on.
 - 16. The medicament according to claim 14 or 15, wherein the neuroprotective compound is the aminophenoxyacetic acid derivative of formula (I) in claimed in claim 1.

Inter...ational Application No PCT/JP 99/05658 A CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61K31/4468 C07D211/58 A61K31/4545 C07D401/06 C07D401/12 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system tollowed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61K C07D G01N Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the tields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category -Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Retevant to claim No. EP 0 318 029 A (EISAI CO LTD) 1-10 31 May 1989 (1989-05-31) page 3, line 7 - line 27; claims Α EP 0 481 299 A (BASF AG) 1-10 22 April 1992 (1992-04-22) page 6, line 48 - line 53 Α WO 93 25528 A (RICHTER GEDEON VEGYESZET 1-10 ; DOMANY GYOERGY (HU); BARTANE SZALAI GIZE) 23 December 1993 (1993-12-23) -/--X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: T later document published effer the international fiting date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevence "E" eartier document but published on or after the international tiling date "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which a cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the calmed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

- "O" document reterring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published pnor to the international tiling date but later than the priority date cleimed

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report

7 January 2000 Name and mailing address of the ISA

20/01/2000 Authorized officer

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patenttaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (~31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (~31-70) 340-3015

De Jona, B

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

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Inter..ational Application No

Category	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication where appropriate, of the relevant passages	
Category	Citation of document, with indication where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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A	LIU, FU CHIN ET AL: "Influence of mesostriatal afferents on the development and transmitter regulation of intrastriatal grafts derived from embryonic striatal primordia" J. NEUROSCI. (1992), 12(11), 4281-97, XP002126322 page 4285, right-hand column	n
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,х	EP 0 913 393 A (SSP CO LTD) 6 May 1999 (1999-05-06) claim 1	1

international application No.	
PCT/JP 99/05658	

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet) This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons: Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: 2. X Claims Nos.: 12-16 because they relate to parts of the international Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international Search can be carried out, specifically: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210 Claims Nos.: ecause they are dependent claims and rife not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a). Box II Observations where unity of invention is tacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet) This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows: As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.: No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: Remark on Protest The additional search lees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 12-16

Present claims 12-16 relate to compounds/medicaments defined by reference to a desirable characteristic or property, namely their ability to increase the amount of,calbindin 028kd.

Claims 12-16 cover all compounds/medicaments having this property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for only a very limited number of such compounds/medicaments. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible.

Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6-PCT). An attempt is made to define the compounds/medicaments by reference to a_result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible.

Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be clear, supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to compounds according to claim 1 and medicaments containing these compounds.

The applicant's attenteen is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

Information on patent family members

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		101701 33703038					
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